## ENCLISH

## 6TH CLASS

## PRIM-ED PUBLISHING

MARSHMEADOWS, NEW ROSS, CO. WEXFORD, IRELAND 051440075
www.prim-ed.ie

1. Circle the correct spelling. allience alliance
2. Circle the incorrect spelling. vertical verticul
3. Circle the correct spelling. embarassed embarrassed
4. Circle the incorrect spelling. similer similar
5. A synonym for increase is:
$\square$ decrease $\square$ export $\square$ expand
6. Use the prefixes inter and trans to make two new words. action $\qquad$ section $\qquad$
7. Write the plural or singular of each word.
leaves $\qquad$ fish
8. Circle the correct homophones.

I know what to wear/where and wear/where to go.
9. Count the syllables. fascinate $\square$ fuselage $\square$
10. Write the adverb from the adjective beautiful. adverb $\qquad$
11. Add capital letters where needed.
to celebrate mum's birthday, the family went for dinner at their local italian restaurant.
12. The dash shows: $\qquad$ repetition $\square$ interruption
'I think I'll order -'
'Pizza and chips!'cut in Joe, in a tone of mock surprise.
13. Punctuate.

There were four starters five mains and four desserts to choose from
14. Circle the prepositions.

In the Middle Ages, trade between China and Western Europe, and all the places in between, occurred along the Silk Route.
15. Circle the word closest in meaning to infection.

The Black Death plague travelled along the route.
16. Circle the proper noun.

The plague killed millions of people in Europe.
17. The underlined word is: $\square$ an adverb.
$\square$ a preposition.
The plague was passed on to humans bitten by infected fleas.
18. was or were?

Other types of plague $\qquad$ passed on through infected blood, and coughing and sneezing.
19. The underlined words are: $\square$ adverbs. prepositions.
The bodies of victims were collected at night by men wheeling carts through the streets.
20. The sentence is in the $\qquad$ tense.
Their bodies were piled into mass graves.

1. Circle the incorrect spelling. carridge carriage
2. Circle the correct spelling. obediant obedient
3. Circle the incorrect spelling suspicion suspiscion
4. Circle the correct spelling. athsma asthma
5. An antonym for tranquil is:
$\square \mathrm{calm}$ $\square$ peaceful $\square$ stormy
6. Add the suffix ment to give the noun. enjoy $\qquad$ judge $\qquad$
7. its or it's?

The eagle couldn't soar with. $\qquad$ injured wing.
8. Which word means to look without blinking? stair stare
9. Listed alphabetically, the third word is antler anxious anxiety antique
10. Circle the word that does not belong in the word group. applicable applicant applaud application
11. Which adjective phrase needs a hyphen?The actor was well known. He was a well known actor.
12. Add a hyphen.

I drank one third of my juice.
13. Add $a$ hyphen.

The play has been running for sixty five years.
14. Circle the word that means got rid of.

Slavery in the United States was abolished at the end of the civil war (1861-1865).
15. The pronoun refers to which noun?

The opposing sides were the southern states, who were for slavery, and the northern states, who were against it.
16. Insert to or from.

The southern states had separated $\qquad$ the union of states before the war began.
17. Circle the plural nouns.

The southern states which used slaves in their cotton fields thought nations that bought their cotton would support them.
18. Circle and write the definite article.

The southern states received help from no-one.
19. Circle the conjunction that connects the sentences.

Eleven of the 15 slave states separated from the United States, but 13 were represented on the Confederate States flag.
20. Circle the word that is not needed.

Abraham Lincoln was the president of the United States during the civil war began.

1. Circle the correct spelling. pecussion percussion
2. Circle the incorrect spelling. separately seprately
3. Circle the correct spelling. desolve dissolve
4. Circle the incorrect spelling. interval intervul
5. A synonym for visitor is:
$\square$ visual $\square$ guessed $\square$ guest
6. Use the prefixes inter and trans to make two new words. change $\qquad$ script $\qquad$
7. Write the plural or singular of each word. bottle $\qquad$ series
8. Circle the correct homophones.

There won't be any peace/piece until the last peace/ piece of cake has been eaten!
9. Count the syllables. geography $\square$
10. Write the adverb from the adjective curious.
adverb $\qquad$
11. Add capital letters where needed. the stanton circus gave its last show on friday.
12. The dash shows: $\square$ repetition $\square$ interruption 'The circus is just so—so amazing!' cried David.
13. Add commas if needed.

The two-hour show had trapeze artists jugglers acrobats and clowns.
14. Circle the two superlative adjectives.

Mount Kilimanjaro is the highest mountain on the African continent and the tallest freestanding mountain in the world.
15. Circle the noun the pronoun each refers to.

Climbing Kilimanjaro takes you through five ecological zones, each about 1000 m in altitude.
16. Changes is a: $\square$ noun $\square$ verb.

The climate changes from tropical at the mountain's base to arctic at its summit, Uhuru Point.
17. Circle the verb.

The snow-capped Mount Kilimanjaro, which is in Tanzania, east Africa, is very close to the equator.
18. The underlined word is an:
$\square$ adjective $\square$ abstract noun
Kilimanjaro is a volcanic mountain with three volcanic
cones: Kibo, Mawenzi and Shira.
19. Circle the conjunction.

Mawenzi and Shira are extinct but Kibo is dormant.
20. Circle the pronoun that refers to the noun.

Kilimanjaro has a huge area of glacial ice at its peak, but this is receding.

1. Circle the incorrect spelling. association asociation
2. Circle the correct spelling. oxygen oxergen
3. Circle the incorrect spelling. conscientious consientous
4. Circle the correct spelling. litrature literature
5. An antonym for derelict is:
$\square$ devastated $\square$ cared-for $\square$ careless
6. Add the suffix ment to give the noun.
adjust $\qquad$ encourage $\qquad$
7. right or rite?

Is this the ......... direction to the cinema?
8. Write an antonym for superior.
9. Listed alphabetically, the first word is $\qquad$ bandage banish bandit banjo
10. Circle the word that does not belong in the word group. effective effectively effigy effectiveness
11. Which adjective phrase needs a hyphen?


The young boy has fair hair.
He was a fair haired young boy.
12. Add a hyphen.

Mimi ate three quarters of the large pizza.
13. Add a hyphen.

They celebrated twenty five years of marriage.
14. Circle the three proper nouns.

Sri Lanka is an island nation lying in the Indian Ocean just east of the southern tip of India.
15. Circle the word which means attackers.

Since people first arrived on the island, Sri Lanka has seen many invaders and political changes.
16. Circle the verb group.

Buddhism came to Sri Lanka in the third century BC and a great city was established in the north.
17. Circle the word that means a large area of the world. After one thousand years, another city took control of the region and the great shrine to Buddhism was abandoned.
18. Circle the pronoun that relates to the island.

Ancient Greeks and Romans traded with the people of the island and Arab traders settled there from the eighth century.
19. Circle the proper adjectives.

Later, the Portuguese then the Dutch and then the British came to the shores of Sri Lanka.
20. Circle the verb group.

In 1972, the country became a republic and changed its name to Sri Lanka; before then, it had been known as Ceylon.

1. Circle the correct spelling. emotion emocean
2. Circle the incorrect spelling. parralell parallel
3. Circle the correct spelling. distribution distrabution
4. Circle the incorrect spelling. senery scenery
5. A synonym for exit is:
$\square$ extreme $\square$ department $\square$ departure
6. Use the prefixes inter and trans to make two new words. action $\qquad$ formation $\qquad$
7. Write the plural or singular of each word. deer $\qquad$ thieves
8. Circle the correct homophones.

To higher/hire the costume he wanted, Anton had to pay a higher/hire price.
9. Count the syllables. herbivore $\square$ hesitate $\square$
10. Write the adverb and noun from the adjective disastrous. adverb $\qquad$ noun $\qquad$
11. Add capital letters where needed. earth is known as the blue planet.
12. Punctuate. can you name the five oceans asked the teacher
13. Punctuate.

I can I can bragged Aoife.
14. Circle the two verbs.

The Blue Dragon Children's Foundation is a charity that helps disadvantaged children in Vietnam.
15. Can you spot a mistake? $\square$ yes $\square$ no

These children may have disabilities or be victims of poverty human trafficking and slavery.
16. Circle a word that means work.

Breaking the poverty cycle, through education and employment opportunities, is the foundation's main aim.
17. Circle and write the abstract noun. $\qquad$ Many children have been given hope.
18. Circle the two plural nouns.

Many street kids live and work on the streets with no protection from the weather or the ever-present danger of violence.
19. Circle the verb group.

The Foundation was established in 2002.
20. Circle the preposition.

Michael offers regular lessons and support to many children.

1. Circle the incorrect spelling. discription description
2. Circle the correct spelling. medjieval medieval
3. Circle the incorrect spelling. apperatus apparatus
4. Circle the correct spelling. reference refrence
5. An antonym for lament is: $\square$ lame $\square$ moan $\square$ rejoice
6. Add the suffix ment to give the noun.
attach $\qquad$ engage $\qquad$
7. famous or noticeable? $\qquad$
The visitor to the school was a ........ politician.
8. Write a synonym for buy. $\qquad$
9. Listed alphabetically, the second word is $\qquad$ falter falcon fallow false
10. Circle the word that does not belong in the word group. appear appeal appearance appearing
11. Which adjective phrase needs a hyphen?She was a bad tempered teacher.The teacher was bad tempered.
12. Add a hyphen.

About one half of the class voted in favour.
13. Add a hyphen.

My brother had a party for his twenty first birthday.
14. Circle and write the verb group. $\qquad$
Born in 1982, Nick Vujicic has lived his life without limbs.
15. Circle the correct word. excepted accepted Although his early life was a great struggle, Nick eventually........ his condition and looked at the positives in his life.
16. Circle the infinitive.

Nick has worked hard to live a full life, conquering the life skills that most people do without even thinking.
17. Circle the conjunction.

Nick was born in Melbourne, Australia but now lives in California in the United States.
18. Circle the conjunction.

Since graduating from university, Nick has had a fulltime career as a motivational speaker.
19. Circle the word meaning great interest and passion. Nick has visited more than 25 countries, sharing his experiences and enthusiasm for life.
20. Circle the proper noun.

The medical name for the condition which Nick has is tetra-amelia syndrome.

1. Circle the correct spelling. variety varietty
2. Circle the incorrect spelling. cemerony ceremony
3. Circle the correct spelling. burgler burglar
4. Circle the incorrect spelling. sensible sensable
5. A synonym for abundant is: $\square$ absurd
 ample $\square$ amplify
6. Use the prefixes inter and trans to make two new words. mission $\qquad$ national $\qquad$
7. Write the plural or singular of each word. formulae $\qquad$ yolk $\qquad$
8. Circle the correct homophones. We're/weir going to look at the we're/weir.
9. Count the syllables. instrument $\square$ isosceles

10. Write the adverb and noun from the adjective dangerous. adverb $\qquad$ noun
11. Add capital letters where needed. the largest planet in our solar system is jupiter.
12. Punctuate.

We are going to learn about the solar system announced the teacher.
13. Punctuate.

The children asked when are we going to start
14. Circle the mistake.

The Vikings were invading warriors who came from Denmark Norway and Sweden.
15. Circle the word that means a long period of years. The Viking era lasted for about 400 years.
16. The underlined words is: $\square$ an infinitive. $\square$ a pronoun. Some Vikings visited other lands to steal what they could; others wanted to settle there.
17. How many proper nouns? $\square$
The Vikings sailed west to North America, east to Russia and south to the Mediterranean.
18. Circle the verb group.

Vikings settled in parts of Britain; the Irish capital, Dublin was founded by the Vikings.
19. Circle the noun the pronoun refers to.

The Vikings attacked monasteries in Britain because they had great wealth and no defences.
20. Circle the adjectives that describe the longships. The Vikings' longships were narrow, light wooden vessels built for speed.

1. Circle the incorrect spelling. audable audible
2. Circle the correct spelling. rhoobarb rhubarb
3. Circle the incorrect spelling. progect project
4. Circle the correct spelling. formula formular
5. An antonym for liberty is:

miragegloom $\square$ captivity
6. Add the suffix ment to give the noun. amuse $\qquad$ develop $\qquad$
7. loose or lose? His slippers were so ........., they came off his feet.
8. Which word means a religious ceremony? right write rite
9. Listed alphabetically, the last word is $\qquad$ incense incredible incident include
10. Circle the word that does not belong in the word group. destiny destroy destruction destructive
11. Which adjective phrase needs a hyphen?The holiday was much needed.
The much needed holiday was enjoyed by all.
12. Add a hyphen.

By Thursday afternoon, four fifths of the school week is over.
13. Add a hyphen.

In my school, PE lessons last for thirty five minutes.
14. Circle and write the verb group. $\qquad$
Snowflakes are composed of tiny ice crystals.
15. Which word means one-of-a-kind? $\qquad$
Each crystal is symmetrical with a hexagonal structure, yet each one is unique.
16. Circle the noun the pronoun refers to.

Snow is water that freezes and then crystallises in the atmosphere, where it may stay in clouds or fall as snow.
17. Circle the adverb.

In some countries, it snows occasionally and this may be enough to cover the ground.
18. Circle the word that is not needed.

In the other countries, it snows heavily every winter and the people are prepared for it after.
19. Circle the word meaning a complete stop.

A country that experiences snow infrequently can be brought to a standstill when it is surprised by a heavy snowfall.
20. Circle the infinitive.

Although it can affect transport, without snow, people would not be able to enjoy snow sports.

1. Circle the correct spelling. conciet conceit
2. Circle the incorrect spelling.
3. Circle the correct spelling.
rehearsal reherseal
4. Circle the incorrect spelling. examiner
5. A synonym for adequate is:
$\square$ adept $\square$ sufficient suffocate
6. Use the prefixes inter and trans to make two new words. fusion $\qquad$ lock $\qquad$
7. Write the plural or singular of each word. church $\qquad$ buzz
8. Circle the correct homophones.

Check/Cheque that the check/cheque is in there.
9. Count the syllables. jubilant $\square$ justify $\square$
10. Write the adverb and noun from the adjective foolish. adverb $\qquad$ noun $\qquad$
11. Add capital letters where needed.
the rocky mountains and the andes form a chain of mountains on the west coast of the americas.
12. Use commas where needed.

The Himalayas located in Asia separate the Tibetan plateau from the Indian subcontinent.
13. Punctuate.

I know some information about the Himalayas added Tony
14. Circle the error.

Arthur and his knights of the round table is a legend that some people beleive to be true.
15. Circle a word that means sorcerer.

Arthur was born at Tintagel castle but, for his safety, he was sent to live with the magician, Merlin.
16. Circle and write the infinitive. $\qquad$
Merlin sent Arthur to live with a family who had a son called Kay.
17. Circle the word that means fixed firmly.

Arthur lost Kay's sword but released one that was embedded in a huge rock, and gave it to Kay.
18. Circle the pronoun.

In pulling the sword from the stone, Arthur had proved himself to be the high king of Britain.
19. Circle the three verbs.

Merlin took Arthur to see a friend, the lady of the lake, who gave him a special sword, Excalibur.
20. The underlined word is $a$ : $\square$ verb. adjective.
Excalibur was kept in a magic scabbard that protected Arthur.

1. Circle the incorrect spelling. miserable misrable
2. Circle the correct spelling. radeator radiator
3. Circle the incorrect spelling. contrabution contribution
4. Circle the correct spelling. prosprous prosperous
5. An antonym for flawed is: $\square$ floor $\square$ perfect $\square$ perfume
6. Add the suffix ment to give the noun.
advertise
disappoint
7. their or there? $\qquad$
Do you know if ......... daughter can swim?
8. The word corpse comes from the Latin word corpus meaning $\square$ body reading
9. Listed alphabetically, the second word is liberty liability lichen licence
10. Circle the word that does not belong in the word group. curious curiosity curtain curiously
11. Which adjective phrase needs a hyphen?Children enjoy many activities after school.Children enjoy many after school activities.
12. Add a hyphen.

We are awake for about two thirds of each day.
13. Add a hyphen.

I took twenty seventh place in the race.
14. Circle the word that means involving the general public. The English civil war was fought to decide who should have the most power, the king or parliament.
15. The expression armed to the teeth means:completely armed.
$\square$
to chip a tooth.
16. The expression to bite the dust means:to be defeated.
$\square$ to act unfairly.
17. Circle two parts of the sentence joined by the conjunction. The king lost the seven-year war and his head.
18. Circle and write the verb group. $\qquad$
For about ten years, Britain was ruled as a republic, not a monarchy.
19. The underlined word is: $\qquad$ an adjective $\qquad$ a verb After the death of the republican leader, the defeated king's son was crowned king.
20. Circle the conjunction.

The new king was known as the 'merry monarch' because he focused on the joys of life.
river.
14. made spread
15. across to on
16. before
17. hear
18. nothing
19. did not hear
20. goat

Day 115

1. petition
2. labratory
3. telegraph
4. boundry
5. courage
6. misfortune malnutrition
7. bacterium gateaux
8. hour our
9. caviar 3
civilised 3
10. heavily
11. Cora's Rachel's parents'
12. could've didn't
13. 'Rachel is collecting the cake,' confirmed Cora.
OR
'Rachel is collecting the cake', confirmed Cora.
14. were
15. pain
16. past tense
17. a severe and testing experience
18. unjust
19. past
20. herself.

Day 116

1. armer
2. thieves
3. feiry
4. education
5. contract
6. financial spectacular
7. imaginative
8. to try
9. reaction
10. decipher
11. Moving forward in a trance, Barry spoke in a voice so unlike his own,'Who will walk with me to the centre of the maze?'
12. Don stepped forward, knowing only he could save this poor boy from the evil witch, Bellamort.
13. Don took Barry's wand and crossed it with his own, an inferior model, as they entered the maze.
14. Tour de France
15. to complete
16. rivals
17. stages
18. conjunction
19. experienced
20. most important

Day 117

1. discipline
2. responsable
3. suspect
4. hemersphere
5. display
6. misgiving malpractice
7. geese ox
8. bean
9. decipher 3 distribute 3
10. Iazily
11. baby's
12. must've who'd
13. 'Stop! Thief!' shouted the shop manager.
14. suburb
15. Wombles Wimbledon Common
16. year
17. public
18. prestigious
19. was used were used
20. on

Day 118

1. attenttion
2. magnet
3. childesh
4. superior
5. loss
6. circular
confidential
7. instance
8. waist
9. scarcely
10. imitate
11. Tina wondered aloud, 'What shall I buy my best, beautiful, funny friend for her birthday?'
12. Tina had plenty of ideas as her friend loved drawing, craft, calligraphy, reading and stationery.
13. proper adjective
14. was named
15. method
16. purpose
17. a verb
18. During
19. Austrian
20. revolution

Day 119

1. cyclone
2. relertive
3. abandoned
4. convinient
5. wreck
6. maltreat mistrust
7. cactus trout
8. vane
9. estimate 3
evaporate 4
10. readily
11. hunters'
12. They'd they'd
13. I think we should get out of here,' suggested one hunter.
14. smallest
15. Welsh
16. present
17. are
18. murky
19. past tense
20. In addition

Day 120

1. confewsion
2. magician
3. definately
4. chauffeur
5. doubfful
6. muscular palacial
7. instant
8. door
9. roulette
10. fortitude
11. Linda muttered, 'I cannot believe I'm doing this!'
12. The race had four parts: a swim, an assault course, a mountain bike ride and a cross-country run.
13. Linda exclaimed, 'I'm delighted to be finished!'
14. changed
15. Britain Germany
16. German
17. emperor
18. past
19. their
20. bitterness

Day 121

1. alliance
2. verticul
3. embarrassed
4. similer
5. expand
6. transaction or
interaction intersection
7. leaf
fish or fishes
8. wear where
9. fascinate 3 fuselage 3
10. beautifully
11. To Mum's Italian
12. interruption
13. There were four starters, five mains and four desserts to choose from.
14. In between along
15. plague
16. Europe
17. a preposition
18. were
19. prepositions
20. past

Day 122

1. carridge
2. obedient
3. suspiscion
4. asthma
5. stormy
6. enjoyment
judgement or judgement
7. its
8. stare
9. anxiety
10. applaud
11. He was a well known actor.
12. one-third
13. sixty-five
14. abolished
15. slavery
16. from
17. states slaves fields nations
18. the
19. but
20. began

Day 123

1. percussion
2. seprately
3. dissolve
4. intervul
5. guest
6. interchange
transcript
7. bottles series
8. peace piece
9. geography 4 glossary 3
10. curiously
11. The Stanton Circus Friday
12. repetition
13. The two hour show had trapeze artists, jugglers, acrobats and clowns.
14. highest tallest
15. zones
16. verb
17. is
18. adjective
19. but
20. this

Day 124

1. asociation
2. oxygen
3. consientous
4. literature
5. cared-for
6. adjustment encouragement
7. right
8. inferior
9. bandage
10. effigy
11. He was a fair haired young boy.
12. three-quarters
13. twenty-five
14. Sri Lanka Indian Ocean India
15. invaders
16. well established
17. region
18. there
19. Portuguese Dutch British
20. had been known

Day 125

1. emotion
2. parrelell
3. distribution
4. senery
5. departure
6. interaction or transaction transformation
7. deer thief
8. hire higher
9. herbivore 3 hesitate 3
10. disastrously disaster
11. Earth
12. 'Can you name the five oceans?' asked the teacher.
13. 'I can! I can!' bragged Aoife.
14. is helps
15. yes
16. employment
17. hope
18. kids streets
19. was established
20. to

Day 126

1. discription
2. medieval
3. apperatus
4. reference
5. rejoice
6. attachment engagement
7. famous
8. purchase
9. fallow
10. appeal
11. She was a bad tempered teacher.
12. one-half
13. twenty-first
14. has lived
15. accepted
16. to live
17. but
18. Since
19. enthusiasm
20. Nick

Day 127

1. variety
2. cemerony
3. burglar
4. sensable
5. ample
6. transmission or intermission international or transnational
7. formula yolks
8. We're weir
9. instrument 3 isosceles 4
10. dangerously danger
11. The Jupiter
12. 'We are going to learn about the solar system,' announced the teacher. OR
'We are going to learn about the solar system', announced the teacher.
13. The children asked, 'When are we going to start?'
14. The Vikings were invading warriors
who came from Denmark, Norway and Sweden.
15. era
16. an infinitive
17. 4 (Vikings North America Russia Mediterranean)
18. was founded

19 monasteries
20. narrow, light wooden

Day 128

1. audable
2. rhubarb
3. progect
4. formula
5. captivity
6. amusement development
7. loose
8. rite
9. incredible
10. destiny
11. The much needed holiday was enjoyed by all.
12. four-fifths
13. fifty-five
14. are composed
15. unique
16. water
17. occasionally
18. affer
19. standstill
20. to enjoy

Day 129

1. conceit
2. reherseal
3. examiner
4. naition
5. sufficient
6. transfusion interlock
7. churches buzzes
8. Check cheque
9. jubilant 3 justify 3
10. foolishly fool
11. The Rocky Mountains Andes Americas
12. The Himalayas, located in Asia, separate the Tibetan plateau from the Indian subcontinent.
13. I know some information about the Himalayas,' added Tony.

## OR

I know some
information about the Himalayas',
added Tony.
14. believe
15. magician
16. to live
17. embedded
18. himself
19. took to see gave
20. verb

Day 130

1. misrable
2. radiator
3. contrabution
4. prosperous
5. perfect
6. advertisement disappointment
7. their
8. body
9. liberty
10. curtain
11. Children enjoy many after school activities.
12. two-thirds
13. twenty-seventh
14. civil
15. completely armed
16. to be defeated
17. and
18. was ruled
19. an adjective
20. because

Day 131

1. transfusion
2. alternativley
3. politician
4. effciently
5. synthetic
6. supercharge subconscious
7. circles deer
8. due dew
9. laminate 3 lavender 3
10. perfectly perfection
11. The rabbit hops inside its cage when it's feeling happy.
12. animals
13. exclamation mark question mark
14. To say
15. lie
16. visible white
17. adverb
18. The the the
19. pulpy
20. are

Day 132

1. desparate
2. pollution
3. humilaty
4. incense
5. meagre
6. cultural torturous
7. provided
8. soldier
9. bitumen
10. intention
11. Greg's Bek's
12. one
13. the bicycle's wheels
14. in from
15. was recorded
16. gradually
17. to defend
18. past
19. independently
20. Corinth Athens Sparta
Day 133
21. electricity
22. aquisition
23. respect
24. perseverance
25. infertile
26. subculture superglue
27. radii tooth
28. ceiling sealing
29. magazine 3 mandolin 3
30. angrily anger
31. Is it true that if you don't exercise your brain it will lose its ability to work properly?
32. no
33. full stop question mark
34. Masai Africa Kenya Tanzania
35. nomadic
36. within by with from
37. build
38. women
39. there
40. are

Day 134

1. bountyful
2. potential
3. emfusiasm
4. miniature
5. hinder
6. adventurous natural
7. they're
8. maximum
9. discomfort
10. deficient
11. Sandra's
12. one teacher's
13. Some teachers' lessons.
14. to be
15. We
16. present
17. by
18. to
19. basic
20. have been stripped

Day 135

1. handicraff
2. cisterm
3. patience
4. ecsept
5. careful
6. subdivision supergrass
7. person children
8. maid made
9. negotiate 4 nocturnal 3
10. certainly certainty
11. I've never watched that TV show. Is it any good?
12. wouldn't
13. full stop exclamation mark
14. Trans-Siberian Railway Russia
Moscow
Vladivostok
15. almost
16. over with along
17. to complete
18. Lake Baikal
19. superlative
20. an adjective

Day 136

1. guvernor
2. catastrophe
3. reclaimible
4. centenary
5. friendly
6. humorous structural
7. might
8. there
9. galore
10. saturate
11. Kane's Abel's
12. more than one teachers'
13. the senior pupils' homework
14. French
15. cause

## Unit 11



## Same Sound, Different Spelling

1. Add the correct letter(s).
(a) debr
(b) guarant
(c) conc..........ve
(d) q.........che
(e) amphib.....an
(f) cappucc.....no
(g) recip.
(h) catastroph.
(i) un....que

(j) absent
(k) rel..........ve
(1) quantit.
(m) abbr.....viate
(n) celebrit.
(o) caff.........ne
(p) conc........t
(q) retr..........ve
(r) escap.

## Jumbed words

2. Unjumble the pairs of list words.
(a) trgsscpeoaaeueeou
(b) iaeieeeeabrvtvrlb
(c) ioiuiueiaartcptnnap
(d) cmphbnrpeaiiaei
(e) uaieiqnydbrtst

Uhit 11

## Abross

1. Fugitive.
2. Promise of quality.
3. Disaster.
q. Instructions for making food.
4. Famous person.
5. Shorten a word.
6. Positioning of something.
7. Only one (of a kind).
8. Land animal that breeds in water.
9. Wreckage.
10. Stimulant in coffee and tea.
11. Somebody not present.

2I. Amount.
21. Think of or imagine something.

## Down

2. Frothy milky coffee.
3. Excessive self-pride.
4. Get back.

## Plurals

b. Disgraceful.
B. Involvement.
l2. Savoury tart.
15. Hypersensitivity to substance. 1b. Alleviate.
4. Follow this rule to make these words plural.

> When most words ending with ' $y$ ' are made plural, the ' $y$ ' is changed to ' $i$ ' and 'es' is added.
(a) quantity
(b) allergy
(c) celebrity

## Proofreading

5. Find eleven mistakes and write them correctly on the lines below.

It's outraidjus that the escapea could have the conseat to be photographed on foreign shores happily eating quish and drinking capachino. He is now quite a sellebrity as he is in the unick position of having escaped successfully from our prison. Can you garantea the partisipashion of your government to help retreeve this absintea from there and into the hands of our police?

List Words
quantity celebrity allergy recipe
catastrophe abbreviate guarantee absentee escapee
cappuccino quiche amphibian unique orientation retrieve relieve conceit conceive caffeine debris
participation
outrageous

Revision words
wrestle
answer guide plumber tongue column debt rhythm emergency accept

## Worn 10 UH

6. Which list or revision word(s).
(a) has a silent 'w'?
(b) (i) have a soft ' $c$ ' sound?
(ii) Underline the letter that follows ' $c$ ' in each word.
(c) (i) follow the rule 'i' before ' $e^{\prime}$ except after ' $c$ '?
(ii) does not follow this rule?
(iii) Circle the 'ie' or 'ei' in each word.
(d) has the most letters?
(e) has the fewest letters?

## Suffixes

When adding a suffix beginning with a vowel to most words ending with ' $e$ ', the ' $e$ ' is dropped before adding the suffix.
7. Add one or more suffixes to the list and revision words below. Use a dictionary to help you.
-ism -ion -able -ly -ing -ed
(a) conceive
(b) wrestle
(c) absentee
(d) answer
(e) retrieve

Synonyms
8. Write a list or revision word with a similiar meaning.
(a) shorten
(e) Crisis
(i) self-importance
(b) beat
(f) truant
(j) assurance
(c) compass reading
(g) ease
(k) language
(d) get back
(h) struggle
(1) sole
9. Find the list and revision words in the word search.
quantity allergy catastrophe guarantee escapee quiche unique retrieve conceit caffeine participation wrestle guide tongue debt emergency
celebrity recipe abbreviate absentee cappuccino amphibian orientation relieve conceive debris outrageous answer plumber column rhythm accept

## Origins

10. English is made up of words from scores of other languages.

Can you find the country
of origin of these words?
(a) debris
(d) recipe
Use a dictionary or the internet to help.
(b) allergy
(e) column
(c) quiche
(f) catastrophe

## Shepe Sorter

11. Write the list or revision word that fits in each shape.
(a)

(c)

(d)

(d)

## apDilional activilies <br> 12. (a)

| List Words | Word Building |
| :---: | :---: |
| quantity | quantities, quantum, quanta, quantitative, quantitatively, quantitativeness |
| celebrity | celebrities |
| allergy | allergies, allergic, allergen, allergenic |
| recipe | recipes |
| catastrophe | catastrophes, catastrophic, catastrophism, catastrophist |
| abbreviate | abbreviates, abbreviating, abbreviated, abbreviation, abbreviator |
| guarantee | guarantees, guaranteeing, guaranteed, guarantor |
| absentee | absenteeism, absent, absence, absences, absenter, absentness |
| escapee | escapees, escape, escapes, escaping, escaped, escapism, escapement |
| cappuccino | cappuccinos |
| quiche | quiches |
| amphibian | amphibians, amphibious, amphibiously, amphibiousness, amphibiotic |
| unique | uniquely, uniqueness |
| orientation | orientate, orientates, orientating, orientated, orienteer, oriented, orienteering |
| retrieve | retrieves, retrieving, retrieved, retrieval, retrievable, retriever |
| relieve | relieves, relieving, relieved, relievable, reliever, relief |
| conceit | conceited, conceitedly, conceitedness |
| conceive | conceives, conceiving, conceived, conceivable, conceivability |
| caffeine | - |
| debris | - |
| participation | participate, participates, participating, participated, participative, participator, participatory |
| outrageous | outrageously, outrageousness, outrage, outrages, outraging, outraged |
| Revision Words | Word Building |
| wrestle | wrestles, wrestling, wrestled, wrestler, wrestlers |
| answer | answers, answering, answered, answerer, answerless, answerable, answerableness |
| guide | guides, guiding, guided, guider, guidable, guideless, guidebook, guidepost |
| plumber | plumbers, plumb, plumbs, plumbing, plumbed, plumbable, plumbless |
| tongue | tongues, tonguing, tongued, tongueless, tongue-tied, tongue-in-cheek, tongue-lash |
| column | columns, columned, columnar, columniation |
| debt | debts, debtor |
| rhythm | rhythms, rhythmic, rhythmics, rhythmical, rhythmically, rythmist |
| emergency | emergencies |
| accept | accepts, accepting, accepted, acceptability, acceptable, acceptably, acceptance, acceptancy, acceptant |

## Unit Focus

- This unit focuses on the graphemes ' $\mathbf{y}$ ', ' $e^{\prime}$ ', 'ee', 'i', 'ie', 'ei', 'is', and is to represent a sound (phoneme). This unit also includes two common, high frequency words, 'participation' and 'outrageous'.


## Teaching Points

- Identify the phoneme and how it is represented.
- Discuss any other difficult parts of words.
- Sort the list words according to the graphemes and brainstorm other words to add to each list.


## Rules

- To make the plural of words ending with a 'y' after a consonant, change the ' $\mathbf{y}$ ' to ' 1 ' and add 'es'.
- The ' $\mathbf{y}$ ' at the end of base words changes to 'i' when a suffix is added.
- When adding a suffix beginning with a vowel to most words ending with 'e', the ' $\mathbf{e}$ ' is dropped before adding the suffix.
('guarantee', 'escapee', and 'absentee' retain the ' $e$ ')
- Double the consonant to keep the preceding vowel short.


## Dictation

1. I followed the recipe for making a quiche but used the wrong quantity of flour. Then, as I have an allergy to eggs, I had to go to hospital. The whole cookery lesson was a catastrophe
2. It is hard to be a celebrity and not show a lot of conceit, so I do like J. Lo, who likes to abbreviate her name from Jennifer Lopez.
3. I can guarantee that there will be more than ten absentees from school tomorrow as the orientation outbound trip is taking place. It is compulsory participation, and there will be an outrageous amount of escapees during the trip!
4. My pet amphibian is lost. I believe I've searched everywhere but failed to retrieve. Where could he be I just cannot conceive, So I made a cappuccino as I did perceive that the caffeine could help to relieve the pain of his absence but nought could it achieve. Then his unique little croak came from the debris in the bin. And that is where I found him, licking the inside of a tin.

## Looking for work

## ANALYSIS

A recount is a retelling of past events in time order. Recounts can be in the form of a newspaper article, diary or a letter. Some recounts are personal, factual or imaginative.

Read the following recount.

## Looking for work

Mum had been nagging me for days to get a job. 'Alex, you're not sitting around here for the next eight weeks watching TV and making a mess in my kitchen', she snapped at me.
'Yes Mum, OK Mum', I'd mutter under my breath and continue to stretch out on the sofa in front of the television. This was the life for me. It was just heavenly, especially since I'd just completed my first year in secondary school. I'd had enough of hard work for a while - putting up with grumpy teachers (except for French - Madame Casey was nice, she liked me), smelly classrooms, 'bully boys' and tasteless canteen food. Oh yes, this was the life for me.

Well, you can imagine my surprise two days later, when once again I was enjoying myself in front of my favourite television programme and Mum came marching in and told me she'd found me a job.
 on her face. I was so mad.
'You start at 6.30 am tomorrow. Peta will pick you up at 6.15.'
'What?' I was furious. Peta is Mum's friend who earns a living by gardening. I whinged and groaned at Mum all day long. I though that if my life was going to be hell, so would hers be.
'You can't make me work. You have to be fourteen years and nine months. I'm only thirteen and eight months. I'll report you for this.'
'OK', replied Mum, with a sweet look of victory In exasperation I stormed around the house slamming doors and yelling abuse at my sister, who just laughed at me. But we all knew that at 6.15 I'd be sitting on the doorstep waiting, despite anything I said or did.

Speaking and listening

## Partner activity

1. With a partner discuss your ideal holiday. List some of your ideas below.
$\square$
2. Do you think secondary school pupils have a difficult life? $\bigcirc$ yes $\bigcirc$ no

Discuss this and decide on the three main reasons for your decision.
-

$\square$
-

## Individual activity - persuasive argument

3. What was your reaction to the main character in this story? Do you think his response to his mother was unreasonable? Prepare a one minute talk to justify your opinion of this person and present it to a small group or the class.

Plan the talk to ensure that you provide evidence to support your views and to persuade others to agree with you.

The audience should listen carefully to your talk and take notes, recording the main points presented.

## Structure of a recount

## Structure

## A recount has:

| A title: | What the recount is about |
| :--- | :--- |
| A setting: | Who the recount is about When the events happened $\quad$ Why the events happened |
|  | What happened |
| The events: | Events are told in the order in which they happened. |
|  | Each major event is written in a new paragraph. |
| An ending/comment: | What the writer thinks about the events. |

Reread the recount about the holiday job and answer these questions.

## Title

(a) Does the title really describe what the recount is about?
(b) Do you think that it's an appropriate title?


Explain your opinion.
$\square$

## Setting

(a) Who are the people in this recount?
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
(c) When did the events occur?
$\qquad$

## Events

Number these events in the order they occurred.
$\square$ Mum found Alex a job.


Alex was watching TV all the time.
$\square$ Alex was angry and thought it was unfair.
$\square$ Mum told Alex the 'good' news.
$\square$ Alex had to go to work.
(b) Where are they?
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
(d) Why did they happen?
$\qquad$
$\qquad$


Alex slammed doors and yelled at his sister.

## Ending/comment

Who eventually achieved success?

## WORKING WITH THE TEXT

## Reading

## Reading for information

True or false? Colour the correct answer.

1. Alex enjoyed the food provided by his school canteen.

 false
2. Alex's sister laughed at him because he was so mad that he was yelling and slamming doors. $\qquad$

false
3. Peta is Mum's friend $\qquad$true
 false
4. Alex is fourteen years old $\qquad$true false
5. Madame Casey is a grumpy teacher. $\qquad$true fals

## Reading for understanding

Use complete sentences to explain your answers to these questions.

1. Do you think Alex was lazy?


Explain why you think this. $\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
2. Does Alex's mother have a strong personality?


Why do you think this? $\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
3. Do you think Alex should have to go to work?


Give reasons to support your opinion. $\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

## Applying your knowledge

1. Is watching TV good for you?


List the advantages and disadvantages. This would be a good topic for a class debate.

2. (a) How good was the relationship between Alex and his sister?
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
(b) What could she have done to help support her brother?
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
3. (a) Do you think the title Looking for work is a good one?

(b) Suggest some alternatives.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

## Overworked words

1. The word said is a verb (or doing word) that is often used when a more descriptive or informative verb would be preferable.
(a) Read these verbs used in the recount Looking for work.
(b) Use your dictionary and the knowledge gained from the context in which they are used in the recount, to give a definition of each word, explaining their differences.


## NOTE:

Although it would be possible to write the word 'say' after each word, this would not explain their differences.

## Vital verbs

2. Find ten alternatives for each of these frequently used verbs.


Taking the time and making the effort to select appropriate verbs can make a great difference to the quality of your writing.

A thesaurus is a useful writing tool. Find out what a thesaurus contains and how you can use it.

## E words

3. In these words some e's have been left out. Put in the e's to make words from the recount.
(a) havnly
(b) compltd
(c) tastlss
(d) ight
(e) tlvision $\qquad$ (f) xaspration

## Heads and tails

4. These words start and finish with the same two letters. Use the clues to complete the words. The first one has been done for you.
(a) $\qquad$
A fruit used in salads
(b) ___ur__ A place of worship
(c) $\qquad$ Cutting one makes your
(d) $\qquad$ rmi $\qquad$ An insect that eats wood.
(e) $\qquad$ To need something
(f) $\qquad$ A drug diabetics use

## Challenge

5. How many 'heads and tails' words can you find? Your class may like to compete to find some and compile a class list.

Some parents may also enjoy the challenge.


## Fancy foods

6. Use the clues and three groups of the letters in the table to solve the nine foods. The three groups of letters left over will make a sweet treat.

| tti | bea | oms | lon | ise | ple |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| ate | esc | pin | ots | ghe | ant |
| arg | ara | cro | hro | roc | cho |
| iss | col | spa | asp | rna | mus |
| kme | eap | enc | ada | gus | hil |

(a) long thin pasta
(c) Mexican tortilla
(e) edible fungi
$\qquad$
(g) a crescent-shaped breakfast roll
$\qquad$
(i) a sauce for steak, made with butter, egg yolks and lemon
(b) a tropical fruit with spiky leaves
(d) French snails
$\qquad$
(f) a cantaloupe
$\qquad$
(h) a green vegetable with edible shoots
$\qquad$
(j) the sweet treat is
$\qquad$

English spelling is complicated for a number of reasons.
One is that the pronunciation has changed over time but the spelling has not. Another is that many thousands of words are of foreign origin and are therefore difficult to spell;
e.g. pyjamas (India), yacht (Holland).

The languages that have influenced English the most are Latin and Greek.

## Latin

Some examples of everyday words that have come from Latin are seen below.

## Bi

1. The Latin bi means two. Read the words and select the correct one to write on each line.

| biannual | bicycle | bilingual | bigamist | biped | bisect |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

(a) to cut into two parts
(c) a vehicle with two wheels
(e) to happen twice in one year
(b) to have two feet
$\qquad$
(d) someone married to two people at the same time
$\qquad$
(f) to speak two languages
$\qquad$

## Centum

The latin centum means one hundred.
2. Match these definitions.
cent centigrade century centimetre $\quad$ centipede centenary
(a) a hundred years
(b) one-hundredth of a euro
(c) the hundredth anniversary
(e) an animal with one hundred legs
(f) divided into one hundred degrees

## Greek

There are many technical and scientific words with Greek origins.
For example: ph - making a f sound - physical, telephone
ch - making a $\mathbf{k}$ sound - chemist, chiropractor
au - making an or sound - nautical, dinosaur
3. Find two more examples of each of the above.
$\square$

## Confusing words

These three words from the recount-eight, morning and knew-can all be spelled differently and have different meanings, but sound exactly the same. They are called homophones (same sound). Read these sentences.

- Alex has eight brothers and sisters.
- He ate food from the school canteen.
- The next morning, Alex would be waiting for Peta.
- Alex was mourning the loss of his freedom.
- Alex knew that he had to go to work.
- He started his new job at 6.15 am .

4. Use the correct words to complete these sentences.
(a) The team was $\qquad$ the death of their coach's dog, Rex, who had been their mascot for two years.
(b) They $\qquad$ their breakfast quickly so that they could leave the house before $\qquad$ o'clock in the $\qquad$ _.
(c) 1 $\qquad$ that my $\qquad$ shoes were missing and that Mum would be furious.

## Make the meaning clear

5. Write a sentence using each pairs of homophones correctly. (You may need to consult a dictionary - be inventive.)
(a) knight, night
$\square$
(b) soul, sole
$\square$
(c) serial, cereal

(d) practise, practice

(e) stationary, stationery

(f) affect, effect
$\square$

## Nouns

Nouns are naming words and are used to name:

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { people - teacher, gardener } \\
& \text { places - St Stephen's School, canteen } \\
& \text { things - television, door } \\
& \text { qualities - anger, exasperation } \\
& \text { events - carnival, festival, Christmas }
\end{aligned}
$$

## Match the nouns

1. Draw a line to match the nouns in the left column (people) with the nouns (things they are associated with) in the right column.
Noun categories

## Things

- broom
- rake
- sport
(d)
(e)
(f)
driver •
teacher •
- 
- books
- whiteboard
- vehicle


2. Write each noun in its correct category.


## Collective nouns

Collective nouns are commonly used for groups of people, animals or things.
For example: a litter of puppies
3. Find a suitable noun for each of these groups of animals.
(a) a herd of
(b) a pride of $\qquad$
(c) a flock of
(d) a gaggle of $\qquad$
(e) a shoal of $\qquad$
(f) a pack of
(g) a swarm of $\qquad$
(h) a pod of $\qquad$
4. Find a collective noun for these groups.
(a) a $\qquad$ of keys
(b) a $\qquad$ of beads
(c) a $\qquad$ of yachts
(d) a $\qquad$ of stars
(e) a $\qquad$ of banknotes
(f) a $\qquad$ of directors
(g) a $\qquad$ of angels
(h) $a$ $\qquad$ of robbers
5. Underline the abstract nouns in the lists below.
(a) ambition, furniture, vision, accessories
(b) dwarves, education, tornadoes, factories
(c) sweetness, document, libraries, weakness
(d) fascination, forgetfulness, crockery, maturity
(e) bookshelves, popularity, greenery, responsibility

## Proper nouns

Proper nouns start with a capital letter and name people, geographical places, proprietary names and so on.
Examples of proper nouns include:
January, Robin Hood, Dublin, Tower of London, Harley-Davidson.
6. Write two proper nouns for each category.
(a) days of the week

(b) products you drink

(c) cities
(d) countries

(e) film characters
(f) television personalities $\square$
$\square$
(g) religious festivals
(h) geographical features
(i) buildings
(j) titled people
(k) company names $\square$

## Pronouns

A pronoun is a word used instead of a noun. We need to use pronouns to avoid repeating nouns, which otherwise makes a piece of writing monotonous and boring.

For example:

Alex thought that Alex should be allowed to watch television because Alex enjoyed television and
Alex didn't think television was a waste of Alex's time.

Alex thought that he should be allowed to watch television because he enjoyed it and he didn't think it was a waste of his time.

## Personal pronouns

Personal pronouns take different forms for each category of people they represent. This is why they are called personal pronouns.

## First person

Many writers use the first person in their writing, especially if it is a recount. The narrator of a story tells the story personally and uses first person pronouns such as: I, me, mine, we, us, ours.

## Second person

The second person is often used in procedures and is found in instruction manuals and recipe books.
Second person pronouns are: you, yours.

## Third person

Writers of novels often use the third person so that they can describe the thoughts, actions and feelings of a number of characters.

Third person pronouns are: he, his, she, her, him, it, its, they, them, theirs.

1. Underline the personal pronoun and write first, second or third at the end of sentences.
(a) Where did you leave your basketball?

(b) We worked very hard to complete our homework.
(c) Mary can't perform in the school play because she has chickenpox. $\square$

## Using pronouns in your writing

1. Write three short paragraphs using one of the two opening sentences provided in each of the three categories.
$\qquad$
(b) Second person You must do your best so you...

> or

If you want to make this, you must
$\qquad$
(c) Third person He yelled in terror as he saw his brother disappear.
or
They were the unluckiest people. Just when they believed they were safe.
$\qquad$

## Personal pronoun table

Personal pronouns have been categorised as 1st, 2nd or 3rd person, singular or plural and subject, object and possessive in this table.

| Person | Subject | Object | Possessive |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| first person singular | I | me | mine |
| second person singular | you | you | yours |
| third person singular | he, she, it | him, her, it | his, her, its |
| first person plural | we | us | ours |
| second person plural | you | you | yours |
| third person plural | they | them | theirs |

## Changing pronouns

1. Rewrite each sentence in the plural, changing the highlighted pronouns. The first one has been done for you.
(a) Look at the beautiful horse. I am so proud it is mine.

Look at the beautiful horses. We are so proud they are ours.
(b) He is sitting watching television.

(c) You were busy working on your car while he was working on his.

Choose a topic from the box below and write a recount. Remember, recounts record past events, so use the past tense.

- My mean mum
- My holiday nightmare
- The job I hated
- I was a hero

Use the plan as a guide.

Title

Setting
who
where $\qquad$
$\qquad$
when $\qquad$
why $\qquad$

Events. 1.
2. $\qquad$
3. $\qquad$
$\qquad$
4. $\qquad$
$\qquad$

## Concluding statement/comment

Use the checklist below to edit and proofread your work.

You will be self-editing for:
Spelling Punctuation
Grammar Sentence structure
Sequence and sense

You will need to use a peer editor to:
Check sequence and sense

## Checklist

Title: $\qquad$

1. Title:
Does your title reflect the topic?

Does it generate interest? $\qquad$〇 yes $\bigcirc_{\text {no }}$
2. Setting

Does your recount include:

- specific characters?................................................................................ yes $\mathrm{O}_{\text {no }}$
- location? Ones $\bigcirc$ no
- time of the events?
 yes $\bigcirc$ no
- the reason for the events? $\qquad$ yes $\bigcirc$ no

3. Events:

4. Concluding Statement:

Did you conclude with a statement or comment?

5. Spelling:

Have you corrected any spelling errors?

6. Punctuation:

Have you checked your punctuation?


Is each event recorded in a separate paragraph? $\qquad$ yes $\bigcirc$ no
7. Language Features:

Have you used the past tense? Ones $\bigcirc_{n}$

Is the vocabulary you used interesting and varied?
Ones $\bigcirc$ no
8. Peer Editor:

Did you use a peer editor?yes $\bigcirc$ no

Did s/he make any constructive comments?yes〇 no

1. Choose a topic from the box below and plan, then write, a recount in full.

- My worst day at school
- A family crisis
- A true friend
- A day I'll never forget

2. (a) What is a recount? $\qquad$ (b) Describe its features.

3. Write five alternatives for these overworked verbs.
(a) went $\qquad$
(b) saw $\qquad$
$\qquad$
(c) got $\qquad$
$\qquad$
4. (a) Two languages that have influenced English the most are $\qquad$ and $\qquad$
(b) What does bi mean? -.
(c) Write a meaning for each of these words:

(b) Write two English words from this Latin origin.
5. Choose the correct words.
(a) The country was mourning/morning the death of its President yesterday mourning/morning.
(b) His car was stationary/stationery outside the stationary/stationery shop.
(c)

The effect/affect of the tsunami will drastically effect/affect the island's economy.
7. Write collective nouns for these groups.
(a) $\qquad$ wolves
(b) lions
(c) $\qquad$ fish
(d) $\longrightarrow$ geese
8. Underline the abstract nouns.

| pride work joy school greed furniture anger sunshine |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

9. Write two proper nouns for each category.
(a) towns
(b) sporting personalities
(c) brand names

10. Substitute suitable pronouns for each noun.
(a) Andrew
(b) Video machine
(c) Car
$\qquad$
(d) Mum
11. List two:
(a) First person pronouns
(b) Second person pronouns
(c) Third person pronouns
$\qquad$
12. Rewrite this sentence changing the highlighted pronouns from singular to plural.

I think it is too hot to work in the garden today. Instead I will spend the day at the beach with a friend of mine. I don't think he would expect me to work in this heat.
$\qquad$

## ANSWERS

- verbs in the present tense

3. (a) end
(b) past
(c) suffixes
(d) Answers may include
(i) remover, removed, removing, removable
(ii) swallower, swallowed, swallowing
(iii) observer, observed, observing, observable
(iv) spreader, spreading, spreadable
(v) buzzer, buzzed, buzzing
(vi) reduced, reducing, reducible
4. (a) double
(b) shopped, kicked, milked, slammed
5. 

| Word | Consonants | Vowels |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| compress | 6 | 2 |
| confusion | 5 | 4 |
| patient | 4 | 3 |
| reaction | 4 | 4 |
| medical | 4 | 3 |
| medication | 5 | 5 |
| symptoms | 7 | 1 |
| histamines | 6 | 4 |

## Page 19 - Evaluation

6. (a) vowel
(b) spring (1), cartoon (2), bike (1), person (2), letter (2), looking (2), swallow (2)
7. (b) runs, ran
(c) looks, looked
(d) shops, shopped
(e) sing/sings, sang
(f) write, wrote
(g) see/sees, saw
(h) finds, found
(i) searches, searched
(j) removes, removed
8. (a) Mnemonics are useful ways to remember things by using initial letters.
(b) Teacher check
9. (a) A simile compares one thing with another, often using 'as' or 'like'.
(b) Teacher check
10.(a) passive
(b) active
(c) active
(d) passive
(e) passive
(f) active
(g) active

## Recount 1

Looking for work: pages 20-36

## Page 20

1. Teacher check

## Page 21

2-3. Teacher check Title:
(a) no
(b) Teacher check

## Page 22

Setting:
(a) Mum, Alex, Peta, Alex's sister
(b) They are at home.
(c) They occurred during the summer holidays.
(d) Mum didn't want Alex to sit around all holidays.
Events:
2, 1, 4, 3, 6, 5
Ending/Comment:
Mum achieved success.

## Reading for information

1. (a) false
(b) true
(c) true
(d) false
(e) false

## Page 23

Reading for understanding
1-3. Teacher check
Applying your knowledge
1-4. Teacher check

## Page 24

1-2. Teacher check
3. (a) heavenly
(b) completed
(c) tasteless
(d) eight
(e) television
(f) exasperation

## Page 25

4. (b) church
(c) onion
(d) termite
(e) require
(f) insulin
5. Answers may include decade, decode, emblem, legible, thirteenth, thirtieth, straightest, strongest, stormiest, stupidest, stretchiest, strictest, sheepish, shellfish, edited
6. (a) spaghetti
(b) pineapple
(c) enchilada
(d) escargots
(e) mushrooms
(f) rockmelon
(g) croissant
(h) asparagus
(i) bearnaise
(j) chocolate

## Page 26

1. (a) bisect
(b) biped
(c) bicycle
(d) bigamist
(e) biannual
(f) bilingual
2. (a) century
(b) cent
(c) centenary
(d) centimetre
(e) centipede
(f) centigrade
3. Answers may include:
(a) physician, physics, physiotherapy
(b) choir, school, chlorine, cholesterol
(c) autumn, automatic, automobile, thesaurus

## Page 27

4. (a) mourning
(b) ate, eight, morning
(c) knew, new
5. Teacher check

## Page 28

1. (a) librarian - books
(b) athlete - sports
(c) gardener - rake
(d) cleaner - broom
(e) driver - vehicle
(f) teacher - whiteboard
2. (a) carrots, pumpkin
(b) ant, grasshopper
(c) tractor, truck
(d) refrigerator, blender
(e) dictionary, atlas
(f) jacket, shoes
(g) surfing, netball

## Page 29

3. Answers may include:
(a) cows, cattle
(b) lions
(c) birds, sheep
(d) geese
(e) fish
(f) wolves
(g) bees, insects, locusts, flies (
(h) whales
4. Answers may include:
(a) set, bunch
(b) string
(c) flotilla
(d) constellation, galaxy
(e) wad, roll
(f) board
(g) host, choir
(h) gang
5. 

(a) ambition, vision
(b) education
(c) sweetness, weakness
(d) fascination, forgetfulness, maturity
(e) popularity, responsibility
6. Teacher check

## Page 30

6. (cont.) Teacher check
7. (a) Where did youleave your basketball? (second)
(b) Weworked very hard to complete (ur) homework. (first)
(c) Mary can't perform in the school play becauseshehas chickenpox. (third)

## Page 31

1. Teacher check

## Page 32

1. (cont.) Teacher check
2. (b) They are sitting watching television.
(c) You were busy working on your car(s) while they were working on theirs.

## Page 33

Teacher check

## Page 34

Teacher check

## Page 35 - Evaluation

1. Teacher check
2. (a) A recount is a retelling of past events in time order.
(b) Answers may include: personal, factual, imaginative, diary, newspaper, article, letter.
3. Teacher check
4. (a) Latin and Greek
(b) 'bi' means 'two'
(c) Answers may include:

Bilingual—able to speak two languages
Bisect-cut into two parts
Biannual—occurring twice in one year Bigamist-someone who is married to two people at the same time.
5. (a) centum-one hundred
(b) Answers may include: century, centipede, centenary, centigrade, centimetre, cent

## Page 36 - Evaluation

6. (a) mourning, morning
(b) stationary, stationery
(c) effect, affect.
7. Answers may include:
(a) pack
(b) pride
(c) shoal, school
(d) gaggle
8. pride, joy, greed, anger

## 9. Teacher check

10. (a) he
(b) it
(c) it
(d) she
11. Answers may include:
(a) I, me, mine, we, us, ours
(b) you, yours
(c) he, she, they, it, him, her, them, theirs

## ANSWERS

12. We think it is too hot to work in the garden today. Instead, we will spend the day at the beach with friends of ours. We don't think they would expect us to work in this heat.

## Exposition 1

## Save the Flinders Ranges: pages 37-54

## Page 37

1. (a) Fauna: animals native to a particular area. Flora: plants native to a particular area.
(b)-(c) Teacher check

## Page 38

2. Teacher check

Title:
The exposition is about saving the Flinders
Ranges.
Overview:
The speaker wants people to preserve the area.
Arguments:

1. They are spectacular and the flora and fauna are under threat.
2. Small animals have vanished and others could become extinct.
3. The damage was caused by foxes and cats.
4. Vast numbers of plant species have disappeared.

## Page 39

5. Overgrazing damaged the vegetation.
6. He wants people to accept responsibility for the problem.
Conclusion:
He thinks that unless something is done soon it will be too late.
Reading for information
7. true
8. true
9. false
10. true
11. false

## Reading for meaning

1-3. Teacher check

## Page 40

Applying your knowledge
Teacher check

## Page 41

1. (a) decade - period of 10 years (Latin - decas)
(b) century - period of 100 years (Latin - centuria)
(c) salination - composure of salt in soil (Latin - salinus)
(d) conserve - to preserve from loss or decay (Latin - conservãre)
(e) rehabilitate - to restore to good condition (Latin - rehabilitatus)
(f) contribute - to give with others (Latin contributus)
(g) aeons - a long period of time (Latin from Greek - aion)
(h) biodiversity - life (Greek - bios) diversity various kinds (Latin - diversi)
(i) geologist - person who studies the earth (Latin - geologia)
2. (a) evade
(b) astonished
(c) requesting
(d) suitable
(e) microscopic
(f) ancient
3. (a) gaunt
(b) concerned
(c) scalding
(d) delicious
(e) irate
(f) ferocious
(g) grotesque
(h) terrified
(i) potent
(j) tranquil

## Page 42

4. Answers may include
(a) Wanted: Man to weed garden. References required.
(b) This school was constructed approximately fifty years ago.
(c) While I attended preschool, my father took me to see the White Cliffs of Dover.
(d) The boy watched the plane flying above the tree.
(e) So the classrooms could be painted, the children were asked to leave.
(f) We had lunch with our teacher.
(g) I like vegetables more than my sister does.

## Page 43

Follow and find

1. destructive
2. Europeans 3. species
3. situation
4. nothing
5. gentlemen
6. native
7. establish
8. havoc
9. century
10. your
11. responsible
13.excessive
12. erosion
13. number
14. rehabilitation
15. north
16. half
19.fauna
17. aeon
18. now
19. welcome
20. evening
21. generation

The new word is narrative.

