ENGLISH

6TH CLASS

PRIM-ED PUBLISHING

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PARENT PACK

DAY 121 1. Circle the correct spelling. allience 2. Circle the incorrect spelling. vertical

alliance

- verticul
- 3. Circle the correct spelling. embarassed embarrassed
- 4. Circle the incorrect spelling. similer
- similar
- 5. A synonym for *increase* is:
 - decrease export expand
- 6. Use the prefixes *inter* and *trans* to make two new words.

section action

7. Write the plural or singular of each word.

leaves fish

8. Circle the correct homophones.

I know what to wear/where and wear/where to go.

9. Count the syllables. fascinate fuselage 10. Write the adverb from the adjective beautiful.

adverb _

11. Add capital letters where needed.

to celebrate mum's birthday, the family went for dinner at their local italian restaurant.

12. The dash shows: repetition interruption 'I think I'll order —'

'Pizza and chips!' cut in Joe, in a tone of mock surprise.

Punctuate.

There were four starters five mains and four desserts to choose from

14. Circle the prepositions.

In the Middle Ages, trade between China and Western Europe, and all the places in between, occurred along the Silk Route.

15. Circle the word closest in meaning to *infection*.

The Black Death plague travelled along the route.

16. Circle the proper noun.

The plague killed millions of people in Europe.

17. The underlined word is: an adverb.

a preposition.

The plague was passed on to humans bitten by infected fleas.

18. *was* or *were*?

Other types of plague _____ passed on through infected blood, and coughing and sneezing.

19. The underlined words are: adverbs.

prepositions.

The bodies of victims were collected at night by men wheeling carts through the streets.

20. The sentence is in the __ ____ tense. Their bodies were piled into mass graves.

MY SCORE

DAY 122

- 1. Circle the incorrect spelling. carriage carridge
- 2. Circle the correct spelling. obediant obedient
- 3. Circle the incorrect spelling. suspiscion suspicion
- 4. Circle the correct spelling. asthma athsma
- 5. An antonym for *tranquil* is:

calm peaceful stormy

6. Add the suffix *ment* to give the noun.

enjoy _____ judge ____

7. its or it's?

The eagle couldn't soar with injured wing.

- 8. Which word means to look without blinking? stair stare
- 9. Listed alphabetically, the third word is _ antler anxious anxiety antique
- 10. Circle the word that does not belong in the word group. applicable applicant application
- 11. Which adjective phrase needs a hyphen?
 - The actor was well known.
 - \Box He was a well known actor.
- 12. Add a hyphen. I drank one third of my juice.
- 13. Add a hyphen. The play has been running for sixty five years.

14. Circle the word that means *aot rid of*. Slavery in the United States was abolished at the end of the civil war (1861–1865).

15. The pronoun refers to which noun? _____ The opposing sides were the southern states, who were for slavery, and the northern states, who were against it.

16. Insert to or from.

The southern states had separated ___ union of states before the war began.

17. Circle the plural nouns.

The southern states which used slaves in their cotton fields thought nations that bought their cotton would support them.

18. Circle and write the definite article. The southern states received help from no-one.

- **19.** Circle the conjunction that connects the sentences. Eleven of the 15 slave states separated from the United States, but 13 were represented on the Confederate States flag.
- **20**. Circle the word that is not needed. Abraham Lincoln was the president of the United States during the civil war began.

DAY 123

/			
1.	Circle the correct spelling.	pecussion	percussion
2.	Circle the incorrect spelling.	separately	seprately
3.	Circle the correct spelling.	desolve	dissolve
4.	Circle the incorrect spelling.	interval	intervul
5.	A synonym for <i>visitor</i> is:		
	visual guessed	guest	t
6.	Use the prefixes <i>inter</i> and <i>trai</i>	ns to make two	new words.
	change	script	
7.	Write the plural or singular of	f each word.	
	bottle se	ries	
8.	Circle the correct homophone There won't be any <u>peace/pi</u> <u>piece</u> of cake has been eate	i <u>ece</u> until the l	ast <u>peace/</u>
9.	Count the syllables. geograp	ohy gloss	sary
10.	Write the adverb from the adj	jective <i>curious</i>	3 .
	adverb		
11.	Add capital letters where nee	eded.	
	the stanton circus gave its lo	ast show on fri	day.
12.	The dash shows: repet		
	`The circus is just so—so an	nazing!' cried i	David.
13.	Add commas if needed. The two-hour show had trape and clowns.	eze artists jugg	lers acrobats
14.	Circle the two superlative adj	ectives.	
	Mount Kilimanjaro is the hig African continent and the tal in the world.		
15.	Circle the noun the pronoun	each refers to.	
	Climbing Kilimanjaro takes y zones, <u>each</u> about 1000 m i	n altitude.	re ecologica
16.	Changes is a: noun		
	The climate <u>changes</u> from trop to arctic at its summit, Uhuru l		untain's base
17.	Circle the verb.		
	The snow-capped Mount Kili Tanzania, east Africa, is very		
18.	The underlined word is an:		
	adjective abstra		roo voloanio
	Kilimanjaro is a volcanic mo cones: Kibo, Mawenzi and Sl		iee voicuilic
19.	Circle the conjunction.		
	Mawenzi and Shira are extinc	t but Kibo is do	ormant.
20.	Circle the pronoun that refers	s to the noun.	

Kilimanjaro has a huge area of glacial ice at its peak,

but this is receding.

DAY 124

1.	Circle the incorrect spelling.	association	asociation				
2.	Circle the correct spelling.	oxygen	oxergen				
3.	Circle the incorrect spelling.	conscientious	consientous				
4.	Circle the correct spelling.	litrature	literature				
5.	An antonym for <i>derelict</i> is: devastated cared-for careless						
6.	Add the suffix <i>ment</i> to give the	e noun.					
	adjust en	courage					
7.	right or rite?	_					
	Is this the direction to the	he cinema?					
8.	Write an antonym for <i>superio</i>	or. i					
9.	Listed alphabetically, the first bandage banish ba	word is ndit banjo					
10.	Circle the word that does not effective effectively effigy	•					
11.	Which adjective phrase need The young boy has fair h He was a fair haired you	nair.					
12.	Add a hyphen. Mimi ate three quarters of the	ne large pizza.					
13.	Add a hyphen. They celebrated twenty five y	vears of marriag	ge.				

- **14.** Circle the three proper nouns. Sri Lanka is an island nation lying in the Indian Ocean just east of the southern tip of India.
- **15**. Circle the word which means attackers. Since people first arrived on the island, Sri Lanka has seen many invaders and political changes.
- **16.** Circle the verb group. Buddhism came to Sri Lanka in the third century BC and a great city was established in the north.
- 17. Circle the word that means *a large area of the world*. After one thousand years, another city took control of the region and the great shrine to Buddhism was abandoned.
- 18. Circle the pronoun that relates to *the island*. Ancient Greeks and Romans traded with the people of the island and Arab traders settled there from the eighth century.
- 19. Circle the proper adjectives. Later, the Portuguese then the Dutch and then the British came to the shores of Sri Lanka.
- **20.** Circle the verb group. In 1972, the country became a republic and changed its name to Sri Lanka; before then, it had been known as Ceylon.

MY SCORE

MY SCORE

DAY 125 1. Circle the correct spelling. emotion emocean 2. Circle the incorrect spelling. parralell parallel **3.** Circle the correct spelling. distribution distrabution 4. Circle the incorrect spelling. senery scenery 5. A synonym for exit is: extreme department departure **6.** Use the prefixes *inter* and *trans* to make two new words. formation action __ 7. Write the plural or singular of each word. thieves 8. Circle the correct homophones. To higher/hire the costume he wanted, Anton had to pay a higher/hire price. 9. Count the syllables. herbivore hesitate 10. Write the adverb and noun from the adjective *disastrous*. adverb ___ _____ noun 11. Add capital letters where needed. earth is known as the blue planet. 12. Punctuate. can you name the five oceans asked the teacher 13. Punctuate. I can I can bragged Aoife. 14. Circle the two verbs. The Blue Dragon Children's Foundation is a charity that helps disadvantaged children in Vietnam. 15. Can you spot a mistake? ves no These children may have disabilities or be victims of poverty human trafficking and slavery. 16. Circle a word that means work. Breaking the poverty cycle, through education and employment opportunities, is the foundation's main aim. 17. Circle and write the abstract noun. Many children have been given hope. 18. Circle the two plural nouns. Many street kids live and work on the streets with no protection from the weather or the ever-present danger

DAY 126

/	
1.	Circle the incorrect spelling. discription description
2.	Circle the correct spelling. medjieval medieval
3.	Circle the incorrect spelling. apperatus apparatus
4.	Circle the correct spelling. reference refrence
5.	An antonym for <i>lament</i> is: lame moan rejoice
6.	Add the suffix <i>ment</i> to give the noun.
	attach engage
7.	famous or noticeable? The visitor to the school was a politician.
8.	Write a synonym for <i>buy</i> . p
9.	Listed alphabetically, the second word is
	falter falcon fallow false
10.	Circle the word that does not belong in the word group. appear appeal appearance appearing
11.	Which adjective phrase needs a hyphen? She was a <u>bad tempered</u> teacher. The teacher was <u>bad tempered</u> .
12.	Add a hyphen. About one half of the class voted in favour.
13.	Add a hyphen. My brother had a party for his twenty first birthday.
14.	Circle and write the verb group Born in 1982, Nick Vujicic has lived his life without limbs.
15.	Circle the correct word. excepted accepted Although his early life was a great struggle, Nick eventually his condition and looked at the positives in his life.
16.	Circle the infinitive. Nick has worked hard to live a full life, conquering the life skills that most people do without even thinking.
17 .	Circle the conjunction.
	Nick was born in Melbourne, Australia but now lives in California in the United States.
18.	Circle the conjunction. Since graduating from university, Nick has had a full-time career as a motivational speaker.
19.	Circle the word meaning <i>areat interest and passion</i>

- 19. Circle the word meaning *great interest and passion*. Nick has visited more than 25 countries, sharing his experiences and enthusiasm for life.
- 20. Circle the proper noun.

 The medical name for the condition which Nick has is tetra-amelia syndrome.



of violence.19. Circle the verb group.

20. Circle the preposition.

children.

The Foundation was established in 2002.

Michael offers regular lessons and support to many

DAY 128

1.	Circle the correct spelling. variety varietty		1.	Circle the incorrect spelling. audable audible
2.	Circle the incorrect spelling. cemerony ceremony		2.	Circle the correct spelling. rhoobarb rhubarb
3.	Circle the correct spelling. burgler burglar		3.	Circle the incorrect spelling. progect project
4.	Circle the incorrect spelling. sensible sensable		4.	Circle the correct spelling. formula formular
5.	A synonym for <i>abundant</i> is: absurd ample amplify	ı	5.	An antonym for <i>liberty</i> is: mirage gloom captivity
6.	Use the prefixes <i>inter</i> and <i>trans</i> to make two new words.		6.	Add the suffix <i>ment</i> to give the noun.
	mission national			amuse develop
7.	Write the plural or singular of each word.		7.	loose or lose?
	formulae yolk			His slippers were so, they came off his feet.
8.	Circle the correct homophones.		8.	Which word means a religious ceremony?
	<u>We're/weir</u> going to look at the <u>we're/weir</u> .			right write rite
	Count the syllables. instrument isosceles		9.	Listed alphabetically, the last word is incense incredible incident include
10.	Write the adverb and noun from the adjective <i>dangerous</i> .		10.	Circle the word that does not belong in the word group.
	adverb noun			destiny destruction destructive
11.	Add capital letters where needed. the largest planet in our solar system is jupiter.	ı	11.	Which adjective phrase needs a hyphen? The holiday was much needed.
12.	Punctuate.			The <u>much needed</u> holiday was enjoyed by all.
	We are going to learn about the solar system announced the teacher.	ı	12.	Add a hyphen. By Thursday afternoon, four fifths of the school week is
13.	Punctuate.			over.
	The children asked when are we going to start		13.	Add a hyphen.
14.	Circle the mistake.			In my school, PE lessons last for thirty five minutes.
	The Vikings were invading warriors who came from Denmark Norway and Sweden.		14.	Circle and write the verb group
15.	Circle the word that means a long period of years.		15	Which word means <i>one-of-a-kind</i> ?
	The Viking era lasted for about 400 years.		13.	Each crystal is symmetrical with a hexagonal structure,
16.	The underlined words is: \bigcirc an infinitive. \bigcirc a pronoun.			yet each one is unique.
	Some Vikings visited other lands to steal what they		16.	Circle the noun the pronoun refers to.
17.	could; others wanted to settle there. How many proper nouns?			Snow is water that freezes and then crystallises in the atmosphere, where <u>it</u> may stay in clouds or fall as snow.
	The Vikings sailed west to North America, east to Russia		17.	Circle the adverb.
10	and south to the Mediterranean.			In some countries, it snows occasionally and this may
18.	Circle the verb group. Vikings settled in parts of Britain; the Irish capital,		1.0	be enough to cover the ground.
	Dublin was founded by the Vikings.		۱8.	Circle the word that is not needed. In the other countries, it snows heavily every winter and
19.	Circle the noun the pronoun refers to.			the people are prepared for it after.
	The Vikings attacked monasteries in Britain because they had great wealth and no defences.		19.	Circle the word meaning <i>a complete stop</i> . A country that experiences snow infrequently can be
20.	Circle the adjectives that describe the longships.			brought to a standstill when it is surprised by a heavy

DAY 127

op. uently can be sed by a heavy snowfall. **20.** Circle the infinitive.

Although it can affect transport, without snow, people would not be able to enjoy snow sports.

MY SCORE

MY SCORE

The Vikings' longships were narrow, light wooden

vessels built for speed.

	DAY 129		DAY 130
1.	Circle the correct spelling. conciet conceit	1	I. Circle the incorrect spelling. miserable misrable
2.	Circle the incorrect spelling. rehearsal reherseal	2	2. Circle the correct spelling. radeator radiator
3.	Circle the correct spelling. exsaminer examiner	3	3. Circle the incorrect spelling. contrabution contribution
4.	Circle the incorrect spelling. nation naition	4	1. Circle the correct spelling. prosprous prosperous
5.	A synonym for <i>adequate</i> is: adept sufficient suffocate		5. An antonym for <i>flawed</i> is: floor perfect perfume
6.	Use the prefixes <i>inter</i> and <i>trans</i> to make two new words.	6	5. Add the suffix <i>ment</i> to give the noun.
	fusion lock		advertise
7.	Write the plural or singular of each word.		disappoint
	church buzz	7	7. their or there?
8.	Circle the correct homophones.		Do you know if daughter can swim?
	<u>Check/Cheque</u> that the <u>check/cheque</u> is in there.	8	3. The word <i>corpse</i> comes from the Latin word <i>corpus</i> meaning body reading
	Count the syllables. jubilant justify justify	9	. Listed alphabetically, the second word is
10.	Write the adverb and noun from the adjective <i>foolish</i> .		liberty liability lichen licence
l	adverb noun	10	O. Circle the word that does not belong in the word group.
11.	Add capital letters where needed. the rocky mountains and the andes form a chain of		curious curiosity curtain curiously
	mountains on the west coast of the americas.	11	Which adjective phrase needs a hyphen?
12.	Use commas where needed.		Children enjoy many activities <u>after school</u> . Children enjoy many after school activities.
	The Himalayas located in Asia separate the Tibetan	10	2. Add a hyphen.
	plateau from the Indian subcontinent.	'4	We are awake for about two thirds of each day.
13.	Punctuate.	13	3. Add a hyphen.
	I know some information about the Himalayas added Tony		I took twenty seventh place in the race.
14.	Circle the error.	14	1. Circle the word that means involving the general public.
	Arthur and his knights of the round table is a legend that some people beleive to be true.	ı	The English civil war was fought to decide who should have the most power, the king or parliament.
15.	Circle a word that means <i>sorcerer</i> .	15	5. The expression armed to the teeth means:
	Arthur was born at Tintagel castle but, for his safety, he		completely armed.
1/	was sent to live with the magician, Merlin.	Ш.,	to chip a tooth.
10.	Circle and write the infinitive Merlin sent Arthur to live with a family who had a son	16	5. The expression <i>to bite the dust</i> means: to be defeated.
	called Kay.		to act unfairly.
17.	Circle the word that means fixed firmly.	17	Circle two parts of the sentence joined by the conjunction.
	Arthur lost Kay's sword but released one that was embedded in a huge rock, and gave it to Kay.	ш	The king lost the seven-year war and his head.
18.	Circle the pronoun.	18	3. Circle and write the verb group.
	In pulling the sword from the stone, Arthur had proved himself to be the high king of Britain.		For about ten years, Britain was ruled as a republic, not a monarchy.
19.	Circle the three verbs.	19	2. The underlined word is: an adjective a verb
	Merlin took Arthur to see a friend, the lady of the lake, who gave him a special sword, Excalibur.		After the death of the republican leader, the <u>defeated</u> king's son was crowned king.
20.	The underlined word is a: verb.	20	Circle the conjunction.
	adjective.		The new king was known as the 'merry monarch' because he focused on the joys of life.

MY SCORE

Arthur.

Answers 6th Class

river.

- 14. made spread
- 15. across to on
- 16. before
- 17. hear
- 18. nothing
- 19. did not hear
- 20. goat

Day 115

- 1. petition
- 2. labratory
- 3. telegraph
- 4. boundry
- 5. courage
- misfortune 6.
- malnutrition 7. bacterium gateaux
- 8. hour our
- caviar civilised 3
- 10. heavily
- 11. Cora's Rachel's parents'
- 12. could've didn't
- 13. 'Rachel is collecting the cake, confirmed Cora. OR
 - 'Rachel is collecting the cake', confirmed Cora.
- 14. were
- 15. pain
- 16. past tense
- 17. a severe and testing experience
- 18. unjust
- 19. past
- 20. herself.

Day 116

- 1 armer
- 2. thieves
- 3. feiry
- 4. education
- 5. contract
- 6. financial spectacular
- 7. imaginative
- 8. to try
- reaction
- 10. decipher
- 11. Moving forward in a trance, Barry spoke in a voice so unlike his own, 'Who will walk with me to the centre of the maze?'
- 12. Don stepped forward, knowing only he could save this poor boy from the evil witch, Bellamort.

- 13. Don took Barry's wand and crossed it with his own, an inferior model, as they entered the maze.
- 14. Tour de France
- 15. to complete
- 16. rivals
- 17. stages
- 18. conjunction
- 19. experienced
- 20. most important

Day 117

- 1. discipline
- 2. responsable
- 3. suspect
- 4. hemersphere
- 5. display
- 6. misgiving malpractice
- 7. geese ox
- 8. bean
- 3 9. decipher distribute
- 10. lazilv
- 11. babv's
- 12. must've who'd
- 'Stop! Thief!' shouted the shop manager.
- 14. suburb
- 15. Wombles Wimbledon Common
- 16. year
- 17. public
- 18. prestigious
- was used were used
- 20. on

Day 118

- 1. attenttion
- 2. magnet
- 3. childesh
- 4. superior
- 5. loss
- 6. circular confidential
- 7. instance
- 8. waist
- 9. scarcely
- 10. imitate
- 11. Ting wondered aloud, 'What shall I buy my best, beautiful, funny friend for her birthday?'
- 12. Tina had plenty of ideas as her friend loved drawing, craft, calligraphy, reading and stationery.

- 13. proper adjective
- 14. was named
- 15. method
- 16. purpose
- 17. a verb
- 18. During
- 19. Austrian
- 20. revolution

Day 119

- 1. cyclone
- 2. relertive
- 3. abandoned
- 4. convinient
- 5. wreck
- 6. maltreat mistrust
- 7. cactus trout
- 8.
- 9. estimate evaporate 4
- 10. readily
- 11. hunters'
- 12. They'd they'd
- 13. 'I think we should get out of here,' suggested one hunter.
- 14. smallest
- 15. Welsh
- 16. present
- 17. are
- 18. murky
- 19. past tense
- 20. In addition

Day 120

- 1. confewsion
- 2. magician
- 3. definately
- 4. chauffeur
- 5. doubtful
- 6. muscular palacial
- 7. instant
- 8. door
- roulette
- 10. fortitude
- 11. Linda muttered, 'I cannot believe I'm doing this!'
- 12. The race had four parts: a swim, an assault course, a mountain bike ride and a cross-country
- 13. Linda exclaimed, 'I'm delighted to be finished!
- 14. changed

run.

- 15. Britain Germany
- 16. German 17. emperor
- 18. past 19. their

20. bitterness

Day 121

- 1. alliance
- 2. verticul
- 3. embarrassed
- 4. similer
- 5. expand
- transaction or interaction intersection
- 7. leaf
 - fish or fishes
- 8. wear where
- fascinate 3 3

- 12. interruption
- 13. There were four starters, five mains and four desserts to choose from.
- 14. In between along
- 15. plague
- 17. a preposition
- 18. were
- 19. prepositions
- 20.

Day 122

- 3. suspiscion
- 4. asthma
- 5. enjoyment judgement
- 7. its
- 9. anxiety
- applaud
- actor.
- 12. one-third
- 13. sixtv-five 14. abolished
- 17. states slaves fields nations
- 18. the
- 19. but
- 20. began
- seprately
- 2. 3. dissolve
- 4. intervul
- interchange 6.

- 7. bottles series
- 8. peace piece
- geography 4 glossary 3
- 10. curiously
- 11. The Stanton Circus Friday
- 12. repetition
- 13. The two hour show had trapeze artists, jugglers, acrobats and clowns.
- 14. highest tallest
- 15. zones
- 16. verb
- 17. is
- 18. adjective
- 19. but 20. this

Day 124

- 1. asociation
- 2. oxygen
- 3. consientous 4. literature
- 5. cared-for 6. adjustment
- encouragement
- 7. right
- 8. inferior 9. bandage
- 10. effigy 11. He was a fair haired
- young boy.
- 12. three-quarters
- 13. twenty-five 14. Sri Lanka
- Indian Ocean India
- 15. invaders
- 16. well established
- 17. region
- 18. there 19. Portuguese Dutch
- British

20. had been known

- **Day 125**
- 1. emotion 2. parrelell
- 3. distribution 4. senery
- 5. departure 6. interaction or
- transaction transformation
- 7. deer thief 8. hire higher

10. disastrously

- 9. herbivore hesitate 3
- disaster 11. Earth
- 12. 'Can you name the five oceans?' asked the teacher.

- fuselage
- 10. beautifully 11. To Mum's Italian
- 16. Europe
- past
- 1. carridge
- 2. obedient
 - stormy
- or judgement
- stare 8.
- He was a well known
- 15. slavery 16. from
- **Day 123** 1. percussion
- 5. guest
- transcript

Answers

- 13. 'I can! I can!' bragged Aoife.
- 14. is helps
- 15. yes
- 16. employment
- 17. hope
- 18. kids streets
- 19. was established
- 20. to

Day 126

- 1. discription
- 2. medieval
- apperatus
- 4. reference
- 5. rejoice
- attachment 6. engagement
- 7. famous
- purchase 8.
- 9. fallow
- 10. appeal
- 11. She was a bad tempered teacher.
- 12. one-half
- 13. twenty-first
- 14. has lived
- 15. accepted
- 16. to live
- 17. but
- 18. Since
- 19. enthusiasm
- 20. Nick

Day 127

- 1. variety
- 2. cemerony
- 3. burglar
- 4. sensable
- 5. ample
- transmission or intermission international or transnational
- 7. formula yolks
- 8. We're weir
- instrument 3 isosceles
- 10. dangerously danger
- 11. The Jupiter
- 12. 'We are going to learn about the solar system, announced the teacher. OR
 - 'We are going to learn about the solar system', announced the teacher.
- 13. The children asked, 'When are we going to start?
- 14. The Vikings were invading warriors

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- who came from Denmark, Norway and Sweden.
- 15. era
- 16. an infinitive
- 17. 4 (Vikings North America Russia Mediterranean)
- 18. was founded
- 19 monasteries
- 20. narrow, light wooden

Day 128

- 1. audable
- 2. rhubarb
- 3. progect
- 3. formula
- 5. captivity
- 6. amusement development
- 7. loose
- 8. rite
- 9. incredible
- 10. destinv
- The much needed holiday was enjoyed by all.
- 12. four-fifths
- 13. fifty-five
- 14. are composed
- 15. unique
- 16. water
- 17. occasionally
- 18. after
- 19. standstill
- 20. to enjoy

Day 129

- 1. conceit
- 2. reherseal
- 3. examiner
- 4. naition
- 5. sufficient
- 6. transfusion interlock
- 7. churches buzzes
- 8. Check cheque
- 9. jubilant 3 3 justify
- 10. foolishly fool
- 11. The **Rocky Mountains** Andes **Americas**
- 12. The Himalayas, located in Asia, separate the Tibetan plateau from the Indian subcontinent.
- 13. 'I know some information about the Himalayas, added Tony.

OR

- 'I know some information about the Himalayas', added Tony.
- 14. believe
- 15. magician
- 16. to live
- 17. embedded
- 18. himself
- 19. took to see gave
- 20. verb

Day 130

- 1. misrable
- 2. radiator
- 3. contrabution
- 4. prosperous
- 5. perfect
- advertisement 6. disappointment
- 7. their
- 8. body
- 9. liberty
- 10. curtain
- Children enjoy many after school activities.
- 12. two-thirds
- 13. twenty-seventh
- 14. civil
- 15. completely armed
- 16. to be defeated
- 17. and
- 18. was ruled
- 19. an adjective
- 20. because

Day 131

- 1. transfusion
- 2. alternativley
- 3. politician
- 4. effciently
- 5. synthetic
- supercharge subconscious
- 7. circles deer
- 8. due dew
- 9. laminate 3 lavender 3
- 10. perfectly perfection
- 11. The rabbit hops inside its cage when it's feeling happy.
- 12. animals
- 13. exclamation mark question mark
- 14. To say
- 15. lie
- 16. visible white
- 17. adverb 18. The the the
- 19. pulpy

20. are

Day 132

- 1. desparate
- 2. pollution
- 3. humilaty
- 4. incense
- 5. meagre
- 6. cultural torturous
- 7. provided
- 8. soldier
- 9. bitumen
- 10. intention 11. Greg's Bek's
- 12. one
- 13. the bicycle's wheels
- 14. in from
- 15. was recorded
- 16. aradually
- 17. to defend
- 18. past
- 19. independently 20. Corinth Athens Sparta

Dav 133

- 1.
- electricity 2. aquisition
- 3. respect
- 4. perseverance
- 5. infertile subculture
- superglue radii tooth
- 7. 8. ceiling sealing maaazine
- mandolin
- 10. angrily anger 11. Is it true that if you don't exercise your brain it will lose its ability to work
- properly?
- 12. no 13. full stop
- auestion mark 14. Masai Africa
- Kenya Tanzania
- 15. nomadic 16. within by with from
- 17. build
- 18. women 19. there
- 20. are Day 134
- 1. bountyful 2. potential
- 3. emfusiasm
- Δ miniature

5.

- hinder 6. adventurous natural
- 7. they're

- 8. maximum
- 9 discomfort
- 10. deficient
- 11. Sandra's
- 12. one teacher's
- 13. Some teachers' lessons.
- 14. to be
- 15. We
- 16. present
- 17. by
- 18. to
- 19. basic 20. have been stripped

- Day 135
- 1. handicraft
- 2. cisterm 3. patience
- 4. ecsept
- 5. careful
- subdivision 6 supergrass
- 7. person children 8. maid made
- negotiate 3 nocturnal

1

- 10. certainly certainty 11. I've never watched that TV show. Is it
- any good?
- 12. wouldn't 13. full stop
- exclamation mark 14. Trans-Siberian Railway Russia
- Moscow Vladivostok
- 15. almost
- 16. over with along
- 17. to complete 18. Lake Baikal

19. superlative 20. an adjective

1.

6.

7.

- Day 136
- guvernor 2. catastrophe
- 3. reclaimible 4. centenary
- 5. friendly

humorous

- structural
- might 8. there 9. galore
- 10. saturate 11. Kane's Abel's 12. more than one
- teachers' 13. the senior pupils' homework
- 14. French
- 15. cause



Same Sound, Different Spelling

1. Add the correct letter(s).

	(a)	GEDI
	(b)	guarant
ĕ	(c)	concve
	(d)	qche
	(e)	amphiban
	(f)	cappuccno
	(g)	recip
	(h)	catastroph
	(i)	unque

(j)	absent
	relve
(1)	quantit
m)	abbrviate
n)	celebrit
0)	caffne
)	conct
7)	retrve

escap.....

Jumbled Words

2.	Unju	imble the pairs of list words.
	(a)	trgsscpeoaaeueeou
		
	(b)	iaeieeeeabrvtvrlb
		+
	(c)	ioiuiueiaartcptnnqp
		+
	(d)	cmphbnrpeaiiaei
		+
	(e)	uaieiqnydbrtst

It's outraidjus that the escapea could have the conseat to be photographed on foreign shores happily eating quish and drinking capachino. He is now quite a sellebrity as he is in the unick position of having escaped successfully from our prison. Can you garantea the partisipashion of your government to help retreeve this absintea from there and into the hands of our police?

List Words

quantity

celebrity

allergy

recipe

catastrophe

abbreviate

guarantee absentee

escapee

cappuccino

quiche

amphibian

unique

orientation

retrieve

relieve

conceit

conceive

caffeine

debris

participation outrageous

Revision Words

wrestle

answer

guide

plumber

tongue

column

debt

rhythm

emergency

accept

WOFF HUNF

- Which list or revision word(s) ...
 - has a silent 'w'?
 - (b) (i) have a soft 'c' sound?
 - (ii) Underline the letter that follows 'c' in each word.
 - (c) (i) follow the rule 'i' before 'e' except after 'c'?

 - (ii) does not follow this rule?
 - (iii) Circle the 'ie' or 'ei' in each word.
 - has the most letters?
 - (e) has the fewest letters?

Suffixes

When adding a suffix beginning with a vowel to most words ending with 'e', the 'e' is dropped before adding the suffix.

7. Add one or more suffixes to the list and revision words below. Use a dictionary to help you.

-ism -ion -able -lv -ing

- (a) conceive
- (b) wrestle
- (c)absentee
- (d) answer
- (e) retrieve

Synonyms

beat

- 8. Write a list or revision word with a similar meaning.
- (i)
- (e) Crisis (a) shorten
 - (f) truant assurance (i)

self-importance

- (b) (c) compass reading (g) ease (k) language
- get back (h) struggle (1) sole (d)

9. Find the list and revision words in the word search.

celebrity quantity recipe allergy abbreviate catastrophe absentee guarantee cappuccino escapee amphibian quiche orientation unique relieve retrieve conceive conceit debris caffeine participation outrageous answer wrestle plumber guide column tongue rhythm debt accept emergency

		g		t	r	d	e			a	i													
		W	1	^	e	5	t			e	i	C	e	-	r	Ь	Ь	a	1 6	9 (d I	W	t	
	•	h	a	+	Ь	d	m	e	3	/	d	d	W		+	e	b	r	i	1	; 3	/	r	
•		x e	n	+	m	k	e	У	٤	5	r	V	р	С	+	у 2	p n	V	9		$ \epsilon$;	Ь	1
•		m	p h	+	u I	9	n	Ь	n	1	e	0	r	i	ϵ		n	c	e	i	V		е	a
	↓	e	i	þ	+	9	u •	n	r	+		9	s	i	d	1	r	h	а У	t	i	(+	n
	*	r	Ь	b		_	t c	i	t	i		9	u	f	е		h	С	i	u	h	n	+	9
Č	9	3	i	Ь	e	+		s v	d a	u	+	5	0	е	t	ı	r	У	9	j	q a	у е		W
	e	?	а	9	t	C		1	g g	e u	t	+	e	<i>e</i>	t	r	1 .	а	r	а	u	9	r	
	n	1	1	a	r	t	þ	,	e	C	C	a		t	u	a	9	5	W	i	С	h	9	
	C	0	+	i	i	e	0		9	i	C	r			n a	9	r	. 6	9	Z	а	W	a	
	y z	P	+	•	e	e	p	á	1	n	0	t	8	+	-	m w	i	2			ו פ	m	С	
H	 C	y	S	+	v e	f	5	i	-	1	n	u	Ь	-	+	i i	u	n I	+"			а	e	
ř	2	u	k	+	i	h I	f	r	(+	C	0	а	r		е	g	u	u o	-	+:	+	5	
n	1	s	r		1	t	u	a f	e	+	e	p	a	С	٤	5	e	h	V	C	e e	+	<i>V</i>	
i	1	1	f	ϵ	_	y	v	0	c	t	i -	r	m	Ь	а		t	j	V	i	r	u		
i		p	a	r	t	;	i	С	i	p	+	p a	s t	а	С	1	а	C	m	n	g	r	-	
						0 0						4	V	i	0	1	1	5	5	0	У	m		

Origins

10. English is made up of words from scores of other languages.

Can you find the country of origin of these words? Use a dictionary or the internet to help.

(a) debris

quiche.....

(d) column (e)

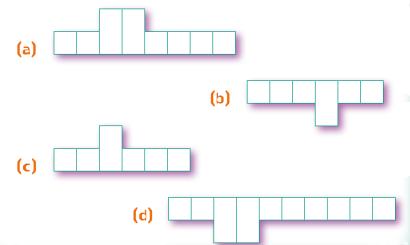
recipe

allergy..... (c)

catastrophe (f)

Shape Sorter

11. Write the list or revision word that fits in each shape.



12. (a)

Add suffixes to other list or revision words.

Write five sentences using these new words.

Write the list and revision words, showing the syllable breaks.

List Words	Word Building
quantity	quantities, quantum, quanta, quantitative, quantitatively, quantitativeness
celebrity	celebrities
allergy	allergies, allergic, allergen, allergenic
recipe	recipes
catastrophe	catastrophes, catastrophic, catastrophism, catastrophist
abbreviate	abbreviates, abbreviating, abbreviated, abbreviation, abbreviator
guarantee	guarantees, guaranteeing, guaranteed, guarantor
absentee	absenteeism, absent, absence, absences, absenter, absentness
escapee	escapees, escape, escapes, escaping, escaped, escapism, escapement
cappuccino	cappuccinos
quiche	quiches
amphibian	amphibians, amphibious, amphibiously, amphibiousness, amphibiotic
unique	uniquely, uniqueness
orientation	orientate, orientates, orientating, orientated, orienteer, oriented, orienteering
retrieve	retrieves, retrieving, retrieved, retrieval, retrievable, retriever
relieve	relieves, relieving, relieved, relievable, reliever, relief
conceit	conceited, conceitedly, conceitedness
conceive	conceives, conceiving, conceived, conceivable, conceivability
caffeine	_
debris	_
participation	participate, participates, participating, participated, participative, participator, participatory
outrageous	outrageously, outrageousness, outrage, outrages, outraging, outraged
Revision Words	Word Building
wrestle	wrestles, wrestling, wrestled, wrestler, wrestlers
answer	answers, answering, answered, answerer, answerless, answerable, answerableness
guide	guides, guiding, guided, guider, guidable, guideless, guidebook, guidepost
plumber	plumbers, plumb, plumbs, plumbing, plumbed, plumbless
tongue	tongues, tonguing, tongued, tongueless, tongue-tied, tongue-in-cheek, tongue-lash
column	columns, columnar, columniation
debt	debts, debtor
rhythm	rhythms, rhythmic, rhythmics, rhythmical, rhythmically, rythmist
emergency	emergencies
accept	accepts, accepting, accepted, acceptability, acceptable, acceptably, acceptance, acceptancy, acceptant

Unit Focus

This unit focuses on the graphemes 'y', 'e',
 'ee', 'i', 'ie', 'ei', 'is', and is to represent a
 sound (phoneme). This unit also includes two
 common, high frequency words, 'participation'
 and 'outrageous'.

Teaching Points

- Identify the phoneme and how it is represented.
- · Discuss any other difficult parts of words.
- Sort the list words according to the graphemes and brainsform other words to add to each list.

Rules

- To make the plural of words ending with a 'y'
 after a consonant, change the 'y' to 'i' and
 add 'es'
- The 'y' at the end of base words changes to 'i' when a suffix is added.
- When adding a suffix beginning with a vowel to most words ending with `e', the `e' is dropped before adding the suffix.
 ('guarantee', `escapee', and `absentee' retain the `e')
- Double the consonant to keep the preceding vowel short.

Dictation

- I followed the recipe for making a quiche but used the wrong quantity of flour. Then, as I have an allergy to eggs, I had to go to hospital. The whole cookery lesson was a catastrophe.
- It is hard to be a celebrity and not show a lot of conceit, so I do like J. Lo, who likes to abbreviate her name from Jennifer Lopez.
- I can guarantee that there will be more than ten absentees from school tomorrow as the orientation outbound trip is taking place. It is compulsory participation, and there will be an outrageous amount of escapees during the trip!
- 4. My pet amphibian is lost. I believe I've searched everywhere but failed to retrieve. Where could he be I just cannot conceive, So I made a cappuccino as I did perceive that the caffeine could help to relieve the pain of his absence but nought could it achieve. Then his unique little croak came from the debris in the bin. And that is where I found him, licking the inside of a tin.

Looking for work

ANALYSIS

A recount is a retelling of past events in time order. Recounts can be in the form of a newspaper article, diary or a letter. Some recounts are personal, factual or imaginative.

Read the following recount.

Looking for work

Mum had been nagging me for days to get a job 'Alex, you're not sitting around here for the next eight weeks watching TV and making a mess in my kitchen', she snapped at me.

'Yes Mum, OK Mum', I'd mutter under my breath and continue to stretch out on the sofa in front of the television. This was the life for me. It was just heavenly, especially since I'd just completed my first year in secondary school. I'd had enough of hard work for a while – putting up with grumpy teachers (except for French – Madame Casey was nice, she liked me), smelly

classrooms, 'bully boys' and tasteless canteen food. Oh ves. this was the life for me.

Well, you can imagine my surprise two days later, when once again I was enjoying myself in front of my favourite television programme and Mum came marching in and told me she'd found me a job.

Mum had been nagging me for days to get a job. 'You start at 6.30 am tomorrow. Peta will pick you 'Alex, you're not sitting around here for the next up at 6.15.'

'What?' I was furious. Peta is Mum's friend who earns a living by gardening. I whinged and groaned at Mum all day long. I though that if my life was going to be hell, so would hers be.

'You can't make me work. You have to be fourteen years and nine months. I'm only thirteen and eight months. I'll report you for this.'

'OK', replied Mum, with a sweet look of victory on her face. I was so mad.

In exasperation I stormed around the house slamming doors and yelling abuse at my sister, who just laughed at me. But we all knew that at 6.15 I'd be sitting on the doorstep waiting, despite anything I said or did.



Speaking and listening

Partner activity

I. With a partner discuss your ideal holiday. List some of your ideas below.

2.	Do you think secondary so		
	Discuss this and decide or	n the three main reasons for your de	CISION.
	•		
	•		
<i>I</i> i		to the main character in this story? I pare a one minute talk to justify your	Do you think his response to his mother opinion of this person and present it to a
	Plan the talk to ensure t agree with you.	hat you provide evidence to support	your views and to persuade others to
	The audience should list	ten carefully to your talk and take no	tes, recording the main points presented.
Str	ucture of a recount		
Str	ucture of a recount	Structure	
Str	ucture of a recount A recount has:	Structure	
Str		Structure What the recount is about	
Str	A recount has:	What the recount is about Who the recount is about	Where the events happened
Str	A recount has: A title: A setting:	What the recount is about Who the recount is about When the events happened	Where the events happened Why the events happened
Str	A recount has: A title:	What the recount is about Who the recount is about When the events happened What happened	Why the events happened
Str	A recount has: A title: A setting:	What the recount is about Who the recount is about When the events happened What happened Events are told in the order in who	Why the events happened nich they happened.
Str	A recount has: A title: A setting:	What the recount is about Who the recount is about When the events happened What happened	Why the events happened nich they happened. new paragraph.
	A recount has: A title: A setting: The events: An ending/comment:	What the recount is about Who the recount is about When the events happened What happened Events are told in the order in whee Each major event is written in a re What the writer thinks about the	Why the events happened nich they happened. new paragraph. e events.
	A recount has: A title: A setting: The events: An ending/comment:	What the recount is about Who the recount is about When the events happened What happened Events are told in the order in wheeleach major event is written in a recount is about	Why the events happened nich they happened. new paragraph. e events.
Rer	A recount has: A title: A setting: The events: An ending/comment: ead the recount about the h	What the recount is about Who the recount is about When the events happened What happened Events are told in the order in whe Each major event is written in a re What the writer thinks about the	Why the events happened nich they happened. new paragraph. e events.
	A recount has: A title: A setting: The events: An ending/comment: ead the recount about the h	What the recount is about Who the recount is about When the events happened What happened Events are told in the order in whee Each major event is written in a rewind the writer thinks about the moliday job and answer these questions what the recount is about?	Why the events happened nich they happened. new paragraph. e events.

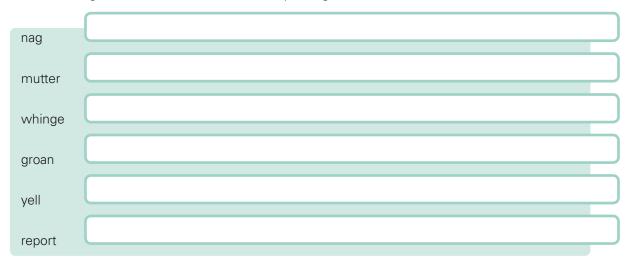
Setting	
(a) Who are the people in this recount?	(b) Where are they?
c) When did the events occur?	(d) Why did they happen?
Events	
Number these events in the order they occurred.	
Mum found Alex a job.	
Alex was watching TV all the time.	
Alex was angry and thought it was unfair.	
Mum told Alex the 'good' news.	
Alex had to go to work.	
Alex slammed doors and yelled at his siste	er.
Ending/comment	
Who eventually achieved success?	
RKING WITH THE TEXT Reading	
Reading for information	
rue or false? Colour the correct answer.	
. Alex enjoyed the food provided by his school cante	entrue O false
2. Alex's sister laughed at him because he was so ma	
B. Peta is Mum's friend	
	true O false
1. Alex is fourteen years old	

Reading for understanding

Us	e cor	nplete sentences to explain your answers to th	nese	ques	stions.				
1.	Do	you think Alex was lazy?		yes	\bigcirc no				
	Exp	olain why you think this							
2.		es Alex's mother have a strong personality? y do you think this?		•	no				
3.		you think Alex should have to go to work? e reasons to support your opinion.		•	Ono				
Δn	— Inlyi	ng your knowledge							
ЛР 1.				,,,,,,	Ono				
١.		Is watching TV good for you?							
2.	(a)	How good was the relationship between Alex and his sister?	4.		x decided that because his mother was king his life hell, he would make hers hell too.				
			-	(a)	What did he do to achieve this?				
	(b)	What could she have done to help support her brother?	-						
				(b)	Was he successful?				
				(c)	Do you think it was possible for Alex to change his mother's mind on this issue?				
3.	(a)	Do you think the title <i>Looking for work</i> is a good one? yes no							
	(b)	Suggest some alternatives.		(d)	What are some non-negotiable issues in your home?				

Overworked words

- 1. The word **said** is a verb (or doing word) that is often used when a more descriptive or informative verb would be preferable.
 - (a) Read these verbs used in the recount Looking for work.
 - (b) Use your dictionary and the knowledge gained from the context in which they are used in the recount, to give a definition of each word, explaining their differences.



NOTE:

Although it would be possible to write the word 'say' after each word, this would not explain their differences.

Vital verbs

2. Find ten alternatives for each of these frequently used verbs.



Taking the time and making the effort to select appropriate verbs can make a great difference to the quality of your writing.

A thesaurus is a useful writing tool. Find out what a thesaurus contains and how you can use it.

E words

(e) tlvision

_	1 41		/ 1		с г	.			1 6	
3.	In these v	vords some (e's have	been le	tt out. F	ut in t	the e 's to) make w	vords from	the recount.

(a)	havnly	(b)	compltd	
(c)	tastlss	 (d)	ight	

(f)

xaspration _

Heads and tails

- These words start and finish with the same two letters. Use the clues to complete the words. The first one has been done for you.
 - (a) to ma to A fruit used in salads
- (b) ____ur___ A place of worship
- Cutting one makes your eyes water
- (d) ____rmi____ An insect that eats wood.
- (e) ____qui____ To need something
- (f) ____sul____ A drug diabetics use

Challenge

5. How many 'heads and tails' words can you find? Your class may like to compete to find some and compile a class list.

Some parents may also enjoy the challenge.

Fancy foods

6. Use the clues and three groups of the letters in the table to solve the nine foods. The three groups of letters left over will make a sweet treat.

tti	bea	oms	lon	ise	ple
ate	esc	pin	ots	ghe	ant
arg	ara	cro	hro	roc	cho
iss	col	spa	asp	rna	mus
kme	eap	enc	ada	gus	hil

(a) long thin pasta

(b) a tropical fruit with spiky leaves

(c) Mexican tortilla

French snails

(e) edible fungi

- (f) a cantaloupe
- (g) a crescent-shaped breakfast roll
- (h) a green vegetable with edible shoots
- (i) a sauce for steak, made with butter, egg yolks
- the sweet treat is

and lemon

English spelling is complicated for a number of reasons.

One is that the pronunciation has changed over time but the spelling has not. Another is that many thousands of words are of foreign origin and are therefore difficult to spell;

e.g. pyjamas (India), yacht (Holland).

The languages that have influenced English the most are Latin and Greek.

Latin

Some examples of everyday words that have come from Latin are seen below.

Bi

1. The Latin **bi** means **two**. Read the words and select the correct one to write on each line.

	biannual	bicycle	bilingual	big	amist	biped	bisect
(a)	to cut into tw	vo parts		(b) to	o have two	o feet	
(c)	a vehicle with	h two wheels		(d) s	omeone r	narried to two	people at the same time
(e)	to happen tw	vice in one year		(f) to	o speak tv	vo languages	

Centum

The latin **centum** means **one hundred**.

2. Match these definitions.

	cent	centigrade	century	centii	metre	centipede	centenary
(a)	a hundred ye	ears		(b)	one-hund	dredth of a euro	
				_			
(C)	the hundred	th anniversary		(d)	one-hund	dredth of a metre	
				_			
(e)	an animal w	ith one hundred	legs	(f)	divided ir	nto one hundred de	egrees
				_			

Greek

There are many technical and scientific words with Greek origins.

For example: ph – making a **f** sound – physical, telephone

ch - making a k sound - chemist, chiropractor

au - making an **or** sound - nautical, dinosaur

3. Find two more examples of each of the above.

(a)	ph		
(b)	ch		
(c)	au		

Confusing words

These three words from the recount—eight, morning and knew—can all be spelled differently and have different meanings, but sound exactly the same. They are called **homophones** (same sound). Read these sentences.

- Alex has **eight** brothers and sisters.
- He ate food from the school canteen.
- The next **morning**, Alex would be waiting for Peta.
- Alex was **mourning** the loss of his freedom.
- Alex **knew** that he had to go to work.

		He started his new job at 6.15 am.
4.	Use	e the correct words to complete these sentences.
	(a)	The team was the death of their coach's dog, Rex, who had been their mascot for two years.
	They their breakfast quickly so that they could leave the house	
		before o'clock in the
	(c)	I shoes were missing and that Mum would be furious.
Ma	ke t	he meaning clear
5.		te a sentence using each pairs of homophones correctly. (You may need to consult a dictionary – be entive.)
	(a)	knight, night
	(b)	soul, sole
	(c)	serial, cereal
	(d)	practise, practice
	(e)	stationary, stationery
	(f)	affect, effect

Nouns

Nouns are naming words and are used to name:

people - teacher, gardener

places - St Stephen's School, canteen

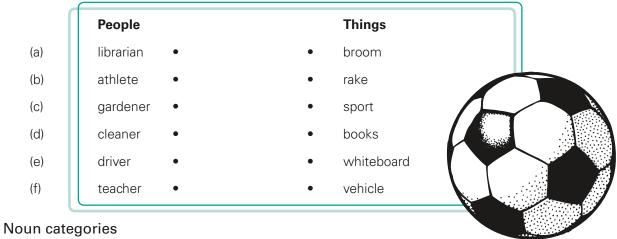
things - television, door

qualities - anger, exasperation

events – carnival, festival, Christmas

Match the nouns

Draw a line to match the nouns in the left column (people) with the nouns (things they are associated with) in the right column.



Write each noun in its correct category.

	ant	refrigerator	surfing	carrots	tractor
	blender	grasshopper	truck	dictionary	jacket
	netball	atlas	pumpkin	shoes	
(a)	vegetables				
(b)	insects				
(c)	vehicles				
(d)	appliances				
(e)	books				
(f)	clothing				
(g)	sport				

Collective nouns

Collective nouns are commonly used for groups of people, animals or things.

For example: a litter of puppies

3.	Find a suitable noun for each of these groups of animals.					
	(a)	a herd of				
	(b)	a pride of				
	(c)	a flock of				
	(d)	a gaggle of				
	(e)	a shoal of				
	(f)	a pack of				
	(g)	a swarm of				

- Find a collective noun for these groups.
 - _____ of keys (a) a ____
 - ____ of beads (b) a ___
 - (c) a _____ of yachts

 - _____ of banknotes
 - _____ of directors
 - _____ of angels
 - ____ of robbers (h) a ___

Abstract nouns

Words used to name qualities, emotions and actions (things you cannot touch or see) are called abstract nouns.

For example: failure, happiness, life

(h) a pod of

- Underline the abstract nouns in the lists below.
 - (a) ambition, furniture, vision, accessories
 - (b) dwarves, education, tornadoes, factories
 - (c) sweetness, document, libraries, weakness
 - (d) fascination, forgetfulness, crockery, maturity
 - (e) bookshelves, popularity, greenery, responsibility

Proper nouns

Proper nouns start with a capital letter and name people, geographical places, proprietary names and so on.

Examples of proper nouns include:

January, Robin Hood, Dublin, Tower of London, Harley-Davidson.

- 6. Write two proper nouns for each category.
 - (a) days of the week

(b) products you drink

- (c) cities
- (d) countries
- (e) film characters
- (f) television personalities

(g)	religious festivals		
(h)	geographical features		
(i)	buildings		
(j)	titled people		
(k)	company names		
		Pronouns	
		ad of a noun. We need to use pronouns to a iting monotonous and boring.	avoid repeating nouns, which
For e	example:		
		uld be allowed to watch television because was a waste of Alex's time.	Alex enjoyed television and
	Alex thought that he should think it was a waste of his	d be allowed to watch television because h o time.	e enjoyed it and he didn't
		Personal pronouns	
	onal pronouns take differen d personal pronouns.	nt forms for each category of people they re	epresent. This is why they are
First	person		
		on in their writing, especially if it is a recour rst person pronouns such as: I, me, mine, v	
Seco	ond person		
	second person is often use and person pronouns are: yo	d in procedures and is found in instruction rou, yours.	manuals and recipe books.
Thire	d person		
	ers of novels often use the number of characters.	third person so that they can describe the t	thoughts, actions and feelings
Third	person pronouns are: he,	his, she, her, him, it, its, they, them, theirs.	
Un	derline the personal pronou	un and write first, second or third at the er	nd of sentences.
(a)	Where did you leave your	basketball?	
(b)	We worked very hard to d	complete our homework.	
(c)	Mary can't perform in the	e school play because she has chickenpox.	

1.

Using pronouns in your writing

1. Write three short paragraphs using one of the two opening sentences provided in each of the three categories.

(a) First person	I was home alone when I heard a very strange noise.
	or
	We looked everywhere but we couldn't find
-	
(b) Second person	You must do vour best so vou
(b) Second person	You must do your best so you
(b) Second person	You must do your best so you or
(b) Second person	or
(b) Second person	
(b) Second person	or

(c) Third person	c) Third person He yelled in terror as he saw his brother disappear.				
	or				
	They were the unluckiest people. Just when they believed they were safe				
· C					

Personal pronoun table

Personal pronouns have been categorised as 1st, 2nd or 3rd person, singular or plural and subject, object and possessive in this table.

Person	Subject	Object	Possessive
first person singular	I	me	mine
second person singular	you	you	yours
third person singular	he, she, it	him, her, it	his, her, its
first person plural	we	us	ours
second person plural	you	you	yours
third person plural	they	them	theirs

Changing pronouns

۱.	Rewrite each sentence in the plural,	changing the	highlighted	pronouns.	The first	one has	been	done f	0
	you.								

you	write each sentence in the plural, changing the highlighted prohodns. The first one has been done for I.				
(a)	Look at the beautiful horse. I am so proud it is mine.				
	Look at the beautiful horses. We are so proud they are ours.				
(b)	He is sitting watching television.				
(C)	You were busy working on your car while he was working on his.				

Choose a topic from the box below and write a recount. Remember, recounts record past events, so use the past tense.

My mean mum

- The job I hated
- My holiday nightmare
- I was a hero

Use the plan as a guide.

Title	
Setting	
who	
where	
when	
why	
Events. 1.	
2.	
3.	
4.	
Concluding sta	atement/comment

Use the checklist below to edit and proofread your work.

You will be self-editing for:

Spelling Punctuation

Grammar Sentence structure

Sequence and sense

You will need to use a peer editor to:

Check sequence and sense

		Checklist	
Title	e:		
1.	Title:		
	Does yo	our title reflect the topic?yes	no
	Does it	generate interest? yes	no
2.	Setting	g:	
	-	our recount include:	
	• sp	pecific characters?yes 🔾	no
	• loc	cation?yes 🔾	no
	• tim	me of the events? yes \bigcirc	no
	• the	e reason for the events?	no
3.	Events:		
	Were th	he events sequenced correctly?yes	no
	Were al	Il relevant events included?yes	no
4.	Conclu	ding Statement:	
	Did you	ı conclude with a statement or comment? $igcup$ yes $igcup$	no
5.	Spelling		
	Have yo	ou corrected any spelling errors? yes	no
6.	Punctu		
	Have yo	ou checked your punctuation?	no
	Is each	event recorded in a separate paragraph?yes	no
7.	Langua	age Features:	
	Have yo	ou used the past tense? yes 🔾	no
	Is the vo	vocabulary you used interesting and varied? $igcup$ yes $igcup$	no
8.	Peer Ed		
	Did you	u use a peer editor?yes 🔾	
	Did s/he	e make any constructive comments?yes 🔾	no

1.	Choose a topic from the box below and plan, then write, a recount in full.					
			My worst day at school	Δ	true friend	
			A family crisis	Α	day I'll never forget	
2.	(a)	What is	a recount?	(b)	Describe its features.	
3.	\ <i>\/</i> /ri	to five alt	ernatives for these overworked verbs.			
J.		went	erilatives for these overworked verbs.			
	(b)	saw				
	(c)	got				
4.	(a)) Two lai	guages that have influenced English the m	nost	(b) What does bi mean?	
		are	and			
	(c)) Write a	meaning for each of these words:			
		bilingu	ı			
		bisect				
		DISECT				
		biannu				
		bigami	it			
5.	(a)	What do	s centum mean?	(b)	Write two English words from this origin.	Latin
						and and

6.	Cho	Choose the correct words.							
	(a)	The country v	vas mournir	g/morning the	death of i	s Preside	ent yeste	erday mourn	ing/morning.
	(b)	His car was s	tationary/sta	ationery outsic	le the stati	onary/stat	tionery	shop.	
	(c)	The effect/aff	ect of the ts	unami will dra	stically effe	ct/affect 1	the islar	nd's econom	у.
7.	Wri	te collective nouns	for these gr	oups.					
	(a)			wolves	(b) _				lions
	(C)			fish	(d) _				geese
8.	Und	derline the abstract	nouns.						
		pride work	joy	school	greed	furnit	ture	anger	sunshine
9.	Wri	te two proper nour	s for each c	ategory.					
	(a)	towns							
	(b)	sporting personali	ties						
	(c)	brand names							
10.	Suk	ostitute suitable pro	nouns for ea	ach noun.	11. Lis	t two:			
	(a)	Andrew			(a)	First per	rson pro	nouns	
	(b)	Video machine			(b)	Second	person	pronouns	
	(c)	Car			(c)	Third pe	rson pr	onouns	
	(d)	Mum			_				
					_				
	ı	Rewrite this senten I think it is too hot t friend of mine . I do	o work in th	e garden today	y. Instead I	will spen	d the da		ch with a
									—— Г

ANSWERS

- · verbs in the present tense
- 3. (a) end
- (b) past
- (c) suffixes
- (d) Answers may include
 - (i) remover, removed, removing, removable
 - (ii) swallower, swallowed, swallowing
 - (iii) observer, observed, observing, observable
 - (iv) spreader, spreading, spreadable
 - (v) buzzer, buzzed, buzzing
 - (vi) reduced, reducing, reducible
- 4. (a) double
 - (b) shopped, kicked, milked, slammed

5.	Word	Consonants	Vowels		
	compress	6	2		
	confusion	5	4		
	patient	4	3		
	reaction	4	4		
	medical	4	3		
	medication	5	5		
	symptoms	7	1		
	histamines	6	4		

Page 19 – Evaluation

- 6. (a) vowel
 - (b) spring (1), cartoon (2), bike (1), person (2), letter (2), looking (2), swallow (2)
- 7. (b) runs, ran
- (c) looks, looked
- (d) shops, shopped
- (e) sing/sings, sang
- (f) write, wrote
- (g) see/sees, saw
- (h) finds, found
- (i) searches, searched
- (j) removes, removed
- 8. (a) Mnemonics are useful ways to remember things by using initial letters.
 - (b) Teacher check
- (a) A simile compares one thing with another, often using 'as' or 'like'.
 - (b) Teacher check
- 10.(a) passive (I
- (b) active
- (c) active
- (d) passive
- (e) passive
- (f) active

(q) active

Recount 1

Looking for work: pages 20-36

Page 20

1. Teacher check

Page 21

2-3. Teacher check

Title:

- (a) no
- (b) Teacher check

Page 22

Setting:

- (a) Mum, Alex, Peta, Alex's sister
- (b) They are at home.
- (c) They occurred during the summer holidays.
- (d) Mum didn't want Alex to sit around all holidays.

Events:

2, 1, 4, 3, 6, 5

Ending/Comment:

Mum achieved success.

Reading for information

- 1. (a) false
- (b) true
- (c) true
- (d) false (e) false

Page 23

Reading for understanding

1–3. Teacher check

Applying your knowledge

1–4. Teacher check

Page 24

- 1-2. Teacher check
- 3. (a) heavenly
- (b) completed
- (c) tasteless
- (d) eight
- (e) television
- (f) exasperation

Page 25

- 4. (b) church
- (c) onion
- (d) termite
- (e) require
- (f) insulin
- 5. Answers may include decade, decode, emblem, legible, thirteenth,

thirtieth, straightest, strongest, stormiest, stupidest, stretchiest, strictest, sheepish, shellfish, edited

- 6. (a) spaghetti
- (b) pineapple
- (c) enchilada
- (d) escargots
- (e) mushrooms
- (f) rockmelon
- (g) croissant
- (h) asparagus
- (i) bearnaise
- (j) chocolate

Page 26

- 1. (a) bisect
- (b) biped
- (c) bicycle

ANSWERS

- (d) bigamist (e) biannual
- (f) bilingual
- 2. (a) century
- (b) cent
- (c) centenary
- (d) centimetre (e) centipede (f) centigrade
- 3. Answers may include:
 - (a) physician, physics, physiotherapy
 - (b) choir, school, chlorine, cholesterol
 - (c) autumn, automatic, automobile, thesaurus

Page 27

- 4. (a) mourning
- (b) ate, eight, morning
- (c) knew, new
- 5. Teacher check

Page 28

- 1. (a) librarian books
- (b) athlete sports
- (c) gardener rake
- (d) cleaner broom
- (e) driver vehicle
- (f) teacher whiteboard
- 2. (a) carrots, pumpkin (b) ant, grasshopper

 - (c) tractor, truck
- (d) refrigerator, blender
- (e) dictionary, atlas
- (f) jacket, shoes
- (g) surfing, netball

Page 29

- 3. Answers may include:
 - (a) cows, cattle (b) lions
- (c) birds, sheep

- (d) geese
- (e) fish
- (f) wolves
- (g) bees, insects, locusts, flies (h) whales
- 4. Answers may include:
 - (a) set, bunch (b) string
- (c) flotilla
- (d) constellation, galaxy
- (e) wad, roll
- (f) board
- (g) host, choir

- (h) gang
- 5. (a) ambition, vision
- (b) education
- (c) sweetness, weakness
- (d) fascination, forgetfulness, maturity
- (e) popularity, responsibility
- 6. Teacher check

Page 30

- 6. (cont.) Teacher check
- 1. (a) Where did you leave your basketball? (second)
 - (b) We worked very hard to complete our homework. (first)
 - (c) Mary can't perform in the school play because she has chickenpox. (third)

Page 31

1. Teacher check

Page 32

- 1. (cont.) Teacher check
- 1. (b) **They are** sitting watching television.
 - (c) You were busy working on your car(s) while they were working on theirs.

Page 33

Teacher check

Page 34

Teacher check

Page 35 - Evaluation

- 1. Teacher check
- 2. (a) A recount is a retelling of past events in time order.
 - (b) Answers may include: personal, factual, imaginative, diary, newspaper, article, letter.
- 3. Teacher check
- 4. (a) Latin and Greek
 - (b) 'bi' means 'two'
 - (c) Answers may include:

Bilingual—able to speak two languages

Bisect—cut into two parts

Biannual—occurring twice in one year

Bigamist—someone who is married to two people at the same time.

- 5. (a) centum—one hundred
 - (b) Answers may include: century, centipede, centenary, centigrade, centimetre, cent

Page 36 – Evaluation

- 6. (a) mourning, morning
 - (b) stationary, stationery
 - (c) effect, affect.
- 7. Answers may include:
 - (a) pack
- (b) pride
- (c) shoal, school
- (d) gaggle
- 8. pride, joy, greed, anger
- 9. Teacher check 10.(a) he
- (b) it
- (c) it
- (d) she
- 11. Answers may include:
 - (a) I, me, mine, we, us, ours
 - (b) you, yours
 - (c) he, she, they, it, him, her, them, theirs

12. We think it is too hot to work in the garden today. Instead, we will spend the day at the beach with friends of ours. We don't think they would expect us to work in this heat.

Exposition 1 Save the Flinders Ranges: pages 37-54

Page 37

- 1. (a) Fauna: animals native to a particular area. Flora: plants native to a particular area.
 - (b)-(c) Teacher check

Page 38

2. Teacher check

Title:

The exposition is about saving the Flinders Ranges.

Overview:

The speaker wants people to preserve the area. *Arguments:*

- 1. They are spectacular and the flora and fauna are under threat.
- 2. Small animals have vanished and others could become extinct.
- 3. The damage was caused by foxes and cats.
- 4. Vast numbers of plant species have disappeared.

Page 39

- 5. Overgrazing damaged the vegetation.
- 6. He wants people to accept responsibility for the problem.

Conclusion:

He thinks that unless something is done soon it will be too late.

Reading for information

- 1. true
- 2. true
- 3. false

- 4. true
- 5. false

Reading for meaning

1–3. Teacher check

Page 40

Applying your knowledge
Teacher check

Page 41

- 1. (a) decade period of 10 years (Latin decas)
 - (b) century period of 100 years (Latin *centuria*)

- (c) salination composure of salt in soil (Latin *salinus*)
- (d) conserve to preserve from loss or decay (Latin *conservãre*)
- (e) rehabilitate to restore to good condition (Latin rehabilitatus)
- (f) contribute to give with others (Latin contributus)
- (g) aeons a long period of time (Latin from Greek *aion*)
- (h) biodiversity life (Greek *bios*) diversity various kinds (Latin *diversi*)
- (i) geologist person who studies the earth (Latin *geologia*)
- 2. (a) evade
- (b) astonished
- (c) requesting
- (d) suitable
- (e) microscopic
- (f) ancient
- 3. (a) gaunt
- (b) concerned
- (c) scalding
- (d) delicious
- (e) irate
- (f) ferocious(h) terrified
- (g) grotesque(i) potent
- (i) tranquil

Page 42

- 4. Answers may include
 - (a) Wanted: Man to weed garden. References required.
 - (b) This school was constructed approximately fifty years ago.
 - (c) While I attended preschool, my father took me to see the White Cliffs of Dover.
 - (d) The boy watched the plane flying above the tree.
 - (e) So the classrooms could be painted, the children were asked to leave.
 - (f) We had lunch with our teacher.
 - (g) I like vegetables more than my sister does.

Page 43

Follow and find

 destructive 	2.	Europeans	3.	species
4. situation	5.	nothing	6.	gentlemen
7. native	8.	establish	9.	havoc
10. century	11.	your	12.	responsible
13. excessive	14.	erosion	15.	number
16. rehabilitation	17.	north	18.	half
19.fauna	20.	aeon	21.	now
22.welcome	23.	evening	24.	generation
The new word is	narı	rative.		